S U M M A R Y O F

HUNTING LA WS

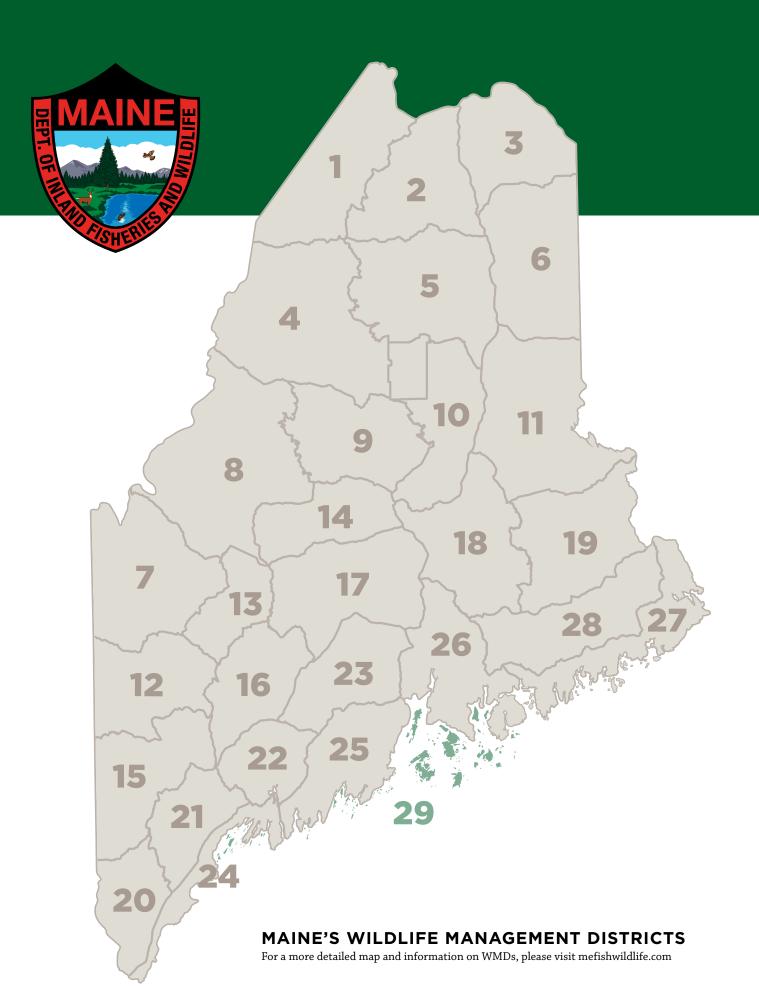


MAINE 2017-18

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF INLAND FISHERIES & WILDLIFE

Season dates for hunting are revised annually.

Information appearing in this book may not be valid after July 2018.



DIGITAL VERSION AVAILABLE

Download a PDF copy of this book at mefishwildlife.com/huntinglaws to easily reference from your computer or mobile device.



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HOW TO USE THIS BOOK





This book, published by the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife (MDIFW), is designed to help you quickly find and understand the hunting rules that apply to you.

Immediately below is recap of what's new: the hunting laws enacted or modified during the 2017 legislative session. On the subsequent pages, you'll find summaries of **all** current laws grouped by objective (getting a license, hunting for deer, registration & tagging, etc.), including these new additions.

128th LEGISLATURE (2017) SUMMARY OF HUNTING RELATED LAWS PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 50 - (LD

557) An Act To Revoke the Hunting and Fishing Licenses of a Person Charged with Defacing Property Posting Signs (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law prohibits people who are hunting from destroying, tearing down, defacing or otherwise damaging property posting signs. If the hunter is convicted, their hunting and fishing licenses must be revoked and they become ineligible to obtain hunting or fishing licenses for one year after being convicted.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 69 – (LD 343) An Act To Prohibit the Discharge of a Firearm within 300 Feet of a State-owned Boat Launching Ramp (Effective: November 1, 2017)

If a State owned boat launching ramp is posted stating that there is "No discharge of a firearm within 300 feet of the boat launching ramp" and a person is convicted of violating this law they can be convicted of a Class E crime. The exception to this law is if a law enforcement officer is acting in the performance of their duties.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 76 – (LD 553) An Act To Offer Hunters 65 Years of Age or Older Who Have Accumulated at least 30 Points a Guaranteed Moose Permit (By Emergency Effective on May 21, 2017)

This law guarantees a moose permit to resident applicants who are 65 years of age or older and have accumulated 30 points or more in the public chance drawing for moose permits. The law previously required

an applicant to be 70 years of age or older with 30 points to be able to be guaranteed a moose permit.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 82 – (LD 426) An Act To Allow Hunters Whose Religion Prohibits Wearing Hunter Orange Clothing To Instead Wear Red (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law allows a hunter who has a religious opposition to wearing hunter orange clothing substitute it for bright red clothing instead. All minimum wear requirements for hunter orange still apply when hunter red is substituted for hunter orange.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 85 – (LD 98) An Act To Provide Greater Authority to the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife over the Management of Wild Turkeys (Effective: November 1, 2017)

Section 1: This section rephrases the fact that crossbows can be used to hunt wild turkey in the spring season but not in the fall. This was done because the turkey hunting seasons will be established by rule rather than in statute now and there is no longer any reference to spring or fall wild turkey seasons in statute.

Section 2 & 3: These sections of law eliminate the references to a spring and fall wild turkey season and the bag limits for wild turkey in those seasons so that the department can establish the seasons and bag limits in rule. This will provide consistency in how other species' seasons and bag limits are established.

Section 4: This section rephrases the language on exceeding the bag limit and prohibits the possession of the number

of wild turkey allowed by rule. This also rephrases hunting wild turkey after having killed one and states a person may not hunt after they have killed or registered the maximum number of wild turkey allowed by rule during that season.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 96– (LD 558) An Act To Improve Moose Hunting (By Emergency Effective on May 28, 2017)
This law provides that hunters under 10 years of age on the opening day of the open moose season are eligible to apply for a moose hunting permit and may accrue points in the public chance drawing for moose permits but are not eligible to receive a moose hunting permit. It also prohibits a person under 10 years of age on the opening day of the open moose season

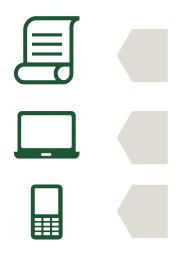
PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 100 - (LD 275) An Act To Expand Disabled Veteran Eligibility for Complimentary Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Licenses (Effective: November 1, 2017)

from being a subpermittee-designate or

alternate subpermittee-designate.

This law allows a non-resident veteran with a disability evaluated at 50% or more to obtain at no cost all hunting, trapping and fishing licenses and other provisions in Maine, if the non-resident's state has a reciprocal agreement with Maine. The law also removes the reference to only the States of New Hampshire and Vermont so that all states have this privilege.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 125 - (LD 1019) An Act To Establish a 6-day Non-resident Archery License (Effective: November 1, 2017)



We've also included handy tools to help you stay in compliance, like charts of legal hunting hours already adjusted for sunrise and sunset. And in the back, you'll find MDIFW contact info, including regional game warden communication centers.

This information is also available at mefishwildlife.com, updated as necessary throughout the year with any changes, corrections, or clarifications.

Finally, please remember that these are summaries; so when in doubt, you may want to consult the full-text version of the law or contact the MDIFW main office at 207-287-8000 with your questions.

The law establishes a non-resident 6-day archery license that costs \$26 that is valid for 6 consecutive hunting days.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 176 – (LD 693) An Act To Clarify the Laws Governing Hunting from a Vehicle (*Effective: November* 1, 2017)

This law states that a person may not shoot while in or on a vehicle, have a loaded firearm or crossbow while in or on a vehicle or rest a loaded firearm or crossbow on a vehicle except in the following situations:

- A person who is hunting may rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that is under their control on the vehicle to shoot only when the vehicle is not in motion and the engine is off.
- A person who is hunting who is on but not within an enclosed area or passenger compartment of an ATV or snowmobile may shoot a firearm or crossbow or rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that is under the person's control on the ATV or snowmobile to shoot only when the vehicle is not in motion and the engine is off.
- While target shooting, not hunting a
 person who is on but not within an enclosed area or passenger compartment of
 a vehicle may shoot a firearm or crossbow
 or rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that
 is under their control on the vehicle to
 shoot only when the vehicle isn't in motion and the engine is off.
- A paraplegic or single or double amputee
 of the legs may shoot from a vehicle that
 isn't in motion. (This isn't a new law but
 the language appears new because the
 whole section was repealed and replaced.)
- A person who is 21 years or older and isn't prohibited from possessing a firearm

or is 18 years or older and under 21 years and is on active duty in the US Military or National Guard or is an honorably discharged veteran of the US Military or National Guard if they aren't prohibited from carrying a firearm may have in or on a vehicle a loaded pistol or revolver. (This isn't a new law but the language appears new because the whole section was repealed and replaced.)

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 202 – (LD 1083) An Act To Increase the Penalties for Hunting Deer over Bait (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law changes the penalty if someone is convicted of placing bait or hunting over bait by creating a mandatory hunting license revocation for one year from the date of conviction on a first time offense and a permanent hunting license revocation for a 2nd offense.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 205 – (LD 1580) An Act To Clarify and Enhance Maine's Wildlife Laws (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law does several different things but all are corrections or clarifications to wild-life related laws, therefore the printed law is broken down into numbered sections. The following only summarizes sections in the printed law which is hunting related.

Sec. 8. & 9. These sections provide the Commissioner the authority to open a town or a designated geographical area to the taking of antlerless deer within a Wildlife Management District (WMD) that does not allow the taking of antlerless deer, this is designed to be able to address small areas within a WMD that have high density

deer populations even when the WMD as a whole does not have a high enough deer population to allow for the taking of antlerless deer.

Sec. 10. This section adds activities that bird dogs are trained for during field trials.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 239 – (LD 1137) An Act To Lower the Age at Which a Person May Hunt with a Crossbow During Any Open Season (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law lowers the age from 70 to 65 in which a person can hunt with a crossbow during any open season on any wild bird or wild animal including hunting deer in an expanded archery zone or during the muzzle-loading only deer hunting season.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 225 – (LD 767) An Act To Prohibit Feeding or Baiting Deer During Certain parts of the Year (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This law expands the time frame in which a person is prohibited from feeding deer. A person may not place salt or any other bait or food in a place to entice deer from June 1st to the start of an open hunting season on deer to December 15th.

PUBLIC LAW 2017 CHAPTER 226 – (LD 869) An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Tagging of Harvested Animals (Effective: November 1, 2017)

This will allow a person to keep an unregistered animal longer than 18 hours when it is harvested by that person, they notify a game warden within 18 hours and provide the location of the animal and the circumstances preventing the person from registering the animal.

2017-18 MAINE HUNTING SEASONS

2017-2018 MAINE HUNTING SEASONS					
DEED		SEAS	LIMITS		
DEER	WMDS	WMDs FIRST DAY LAST DAY		DAILY BAG & POSSESSION	
Firearms Season	All	October 30, 2017	November 25, 2017		
Maine Resident Only Day*	All	October 28, 2017			
Youth Deer Day	All	October 21, 2017		1 Deer Per Year**	
Archery	All	September 28, 2017	October 27, 2017	1 Deer Fer Tear	
Muzzleloader Statewide	All	November 27, 2017	December 2, 2017		
Muzzleloader	12, 13, 15-18, 20-26, 29	December 4, 2017	December 9, 2017		
Expanded Archery	Designated areas only	September 9, 2017	December 9, 2017		

^{**}Only deer with antlers at least 3 inches long may be taken from October 28-December 9, except that any deer may be taken in designated WMDs by hunters with any-deer permits. *Exceptions:* Additional deer may be taken by participating in the Expanded Archery Season, or by anyone possessing a bonus antlerless deer permit or superpack antlerless deer permit. *Note:* In WMDs where no any-deer permits are issued, it is bucks only for youth hunters on youth deer day and also bucks only for archers during the archery season on deer.

BEAR	WMD-	SEAS	SONS	LIMITS	
DLAN	WMDs	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION	
General Hunting Season	All	August 28, 2017	November 25, 2017		
Youth Bear Day	All	August 26, 2017		2 Bear Per Year	
Hunting with Dogs	All	September 11, 2017	October 27, 2017	1 by hunting, 1 by trapping	
Hunting with Bait Bait can be placed July 27	All	August 28, 2017	September 23, 2017		

MOOSE	WMD	SEASONS		LIMITS
BY PERMIT ONLY	WMDs	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION
	1-6, 11, 19	September 25, 2017	September 30, 2017	
	1-14, 17-19, 27, 28	October 9, 2017	October 14, 2017	1 Moose Per Year
	15, 16	October 30, 2017	November 25, 2017	by either permittee or
Maine Resident Only Day*	15, 16	October 28, 2017		sub-permittee
	1-4, 19	October 23, 2017	October 28, 2017	

Permit application period: January through April 1

^{*}A non-resident who owns 25 or more acres of land in Maine and leaves land open to hunting, holds a valid hunting license, and is not otherwise prohibited by law, may hunt deer on the Resident only day, anywhere in the state. A verification form must be completed and can be located on our website.

Closed to Fall Turkey hunting

WMDa	SEASONS		LIMITS
MINIDS	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION
7, 9-29	April 30, 2018	June 2, 2018	2 bearded Wild Turkeys
8	April 30, 2018	June 2, 2018	
1-6	April 30, 2018	May 5, 2018	
1-6	May 14, 2018	May 19, 2018	
1-6	May 7, 2018	May 12, 2018	1 bearded Wild Turkey*
1-6	May 21, 2018	May 26, 2018	
1-6	May 28, 2018	June 2, 2018	
	April 28, 2018		
WMD.	SEAS	SONS	LIMITS
MINIDS	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION
15-17, 20-25, 28	October 2, 2017	November 7, 2017	2 Wild Turkeys either sex, any age
10-13, 18, 19, 26, 27, 29	October 2, 2017	November 7, 2017	1 Wild Turkey either sex, any age*
	8 1-6 1-6 1-6 1-6 1-6 1-7 1-6 WMDs 15-17, 20-25, 28 10-13, 18, 19,	### FIRST DAY 7, 9-29	### FIRST DAY 7, 9-29

 $^{^*}$ May take up to 2 turkeys for the season, but the second turkey must come from a WMD listed as having a two bird limit.

1-9, 14

LIDI AND AND MICDATORY DIDDO	WMDs	SEA	SEASONS		LIMITS	
UPLAND AND MIGRATORY BIRDS	MINIDS	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG	POSSESSION	
Ruffed Grouse & Bobwhite Quail	All	October 2, 2017	December 31, 2017	4	8	
Pheasant	All	October 2, 2017	December 31, 2017	2	4	
Woodcock	All					
Common Snipe	All					
Ducks, Geese, Sea Ducks (Scoter, Eider, Long-Tailed Duck)		More detailed season info on page 36.				
Sora & Virginia Rails (and Gallinules)	All					
Construction	1-6	February 3, 2018 August 1, 2017	April 14, 2018 September 22, 2017	N ₂	Limit	
Crows	7-29	January 20, 2018 August 1, 2017	March 31, 2018 September 22, 2017	INO I	Limit	

OTHER CRECIES	WAD.	SEAS	ONS	LIMITS		
OTHER SPECIES	WMDs	FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG	POSSESSION	
Gray Squirrel	All	October 2, 2017	December 31, 2017	4	8	
Gray Squirrel (Falconry)	All	October 2, 2017	February 28, 2018	4	8	
Snowshoe Hare	All	October 2, 2017	March 31, 2018	4	8	
Snowshoe Hare	Vinalhaven Island, Knox County	October 2, 2017	February 28, 2018	4	8	
Bobcat	All	December 1, 2017 February 21, 2018 No Limit			imit	
Fox	All	October 15, 2017 February 28, 2018 No Limit				
Raccoon	All	October 2, 2017 December 31, 2017 No Limit				
Skunk, Opossum	All	October 15, 2017 December 31, 2017 No Limit				
Coyote Night Hunt	All	December 16, 2017 August 31, 2018 No Limit				
Coyote, Woodchuck, Porcupine, Red Squirrel	All	No Closed Season for Hunting				
Spruce Grouse, Lynx, Cottontail Rabbit		No Open Season for Hunting				

Note: Except for migratory game birds, there is no hunting season on any species of bird or animal which is not listed above.

LICENSING INFORMATION

Read on to learn how Maine law defines the major hunting license types, what they allow, and how to obtain one.

WHO NEEDS A LICENSE?

In general, anyone who hunts wild birds or animals in Maine needs a hunting license. The type of license you need depends upon your age, resident status, and other factors, and there are some exceptions. See the charts on pages 7 and 8 for all available hunting licenses and fees.

In addition to a license, most hunting activities also require a permit. See individual species pages for details.

Junior and Adult Hunters: Hunters under age 16 must possess a junior license, and those 16 and up need an adult license.

Note: a junior license holder who turns 16 may hunt with that junior license for the remainder of the calendar year.

Exception for Assisting in a Hunt:

A person may assist in a hunt without a license or permit for that activity, as long as they do not carry hunting equipment (means to kill) or drive deer.

Landowner Privilege: Maine resident landowners and their immediate family members may hunt without a license using firearm, archery, crossbow, or muzzleloader (firearm permits are required for other equipment types) on land they own and reside upon, provided the land exceeds 10 acres in size and is used exclusively

for agricultural purposes. The landowner privilege is not available to hunters with revoked or suspended licenses, and does not apply to moose hunting, for which a license is still required.

WHAT ARE THE REQUIREMENTS?

To obtain a hunting license in Maine, you generally need to show that you have either (1) held that license in a prior year, or (2) taken a hunter safety course. License-specific requirements and exceptions follow.

Firearms Licenses: When applying for an adult firearms hunting license in Maine, you must show proof of residency, and that you have either possessed an adult license to hunt with firearms in any prior year beginning with 1976, or successfully completed an approved hunter safety course in any U.S. state. Convicted felons cannot purchase or possess a firearms hunting license in Maine unless they have been issued a permit to carry a firearm.

Archery Licenses: To obtain an adult archery hunting license, you must show proof of having held an adult license to hunt with bow and arrow in any year after 1979, or successful completion of an archery education course.

Exceptions to Safety Course Requirement Native American Exception: Native
Americans are exempt from the safety
course requirement for archery, crossbow,
and trapping.

Military Exception: An active-duty member of the U.S. Armed Forces who is permanently stationed outside of the U.S. and home on leave is exempt from hunter, archery, and crossbow safety course requirements if they can show proof at time of license application that their home state of record is Maine.

HOW ARE LICENSES OBTAINED?

From MDIFW: Residents and non-residents may obtain hunting licenses from the MDIFW office in Augusta, either in person, online at mainefishwildlife.com, or (for non-residents) by mail.

From Agents: Licenses can also be purchased from agents throughout the state (sporting good stores, many convenience stores, town clerks, and turnpike service centers). Agents who process applications online for moose and antlerless deer permits may charge a fee of \$2.00.

Note: Not all town clerks issue non-resident licenses.

All trapping licenses are issued by the MDIFW office in Augusta and cannot be purchased online.

It is unlawful to obtain a license or permit through misstatement or misrepresentation, or to possess a license or permit that has been altered or tampered with in any way.



KEEP YOUR LICENSE WITH YOU

You are required to keep an electronic and/or paper copy of your hunting license and any necessary permits with you while hunting or transporting wild birds and wild animals and, if requested to do so, must present it for inspection to any warden, law enforcement officer, MDIFW employee, guide or landowner upon whose land you are hunting.

DEFINITIONS

RESIDENT means a U.S. citizen or an alien who has lived in Maine or has been a full-time student at a Maine college or university for at least one year, and also:

- if registered to vote, is registered in Maine.
- if licensed to drive a motor vehicle, has applied for or possesses a Maine driver's license.
- Has registered in Maine any motor vehicles they own that are located within the state.
- is in compliance with Maine income tax laws.

ALIEN means a person who is not a U.S. citizen.

NON-RESIDENT means a U.S. citizen who does not fall within the definition of alien or resident.

SPECIAL LICENSES

Special Privilege Licenses Military Currently Stationed in Maine:

Anyone serving in the U.S. Armed Forces and permanently stationed at a military base in Maine (including spouse and dependent children if they permanently reside with that person) may purchase a resident license to hunt, trap, or fish.

Maine Resident Military Currently Stationed Anywhere: Residents who are on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and permanently stationed outside of Maine may purchase either a hunting, fishing, trapping, or combination hunting and fishing license for the Maine Resident Serviceman combination price upon verification that Maine is their home of record. Their spouse and any dependent children residing with them are also entitled to discounted rates (see pg. 8).

Exchange Students: Any citizen of a foreign nation under age 21 who is living with a family in Maine for a cultural or educational exchange program may purchase a resident license to hunt or fish.

Complimentary Licenses

Disabled Veterans: Maine resident and non-resident veterans (if reciprocal privileges exist in their home state) who have been honorably discharged from the U.S. Armed Forces or the National Guard and have a service-connected disability of 50% or more will be issued, upon application, a complimentary license that entitles the holder to all privileges they are qualified to receive including hunting, trapping, archery, and fishing. The license also includes the following permits: bear hunt, bear trap, muzzleloader, migratory waterfowl, pheasant, spring and fall turkey,

OUTDOOR SAFETY COURSES

Maine law requires all firearms, archery, crossbow, or trapping license applicants to complete an outdoor safety course, unless they have previously held an adult license.

These 6 to 12-hour courses (depending on the subject) are sponsored by school districts, sports clubs, civic groups, and others, and are taught statewide by volunteer instructors certified by MDIFW.

Courses are scheduled based on instructor availability, with pre-registration typically required. To view course listings, visit mefishwildlife.com.

For information on becoming a volunteer instructor, contact your local Regional Safety Coordinator or the Recreational Safety Division Office.

Recreational Safety Division (207) 287-5220

coyote night hunt, crossbow, one expanded archery antlerless and one expanded archery either sex permit. Veterans must still apply for any-deer and moose permits each year. These licenses may only be obtained from MDIFW's main office in Augusta.

Native Americans: The commissioner shall issue a complimentary lifetime hunting, archery, trapping and fishing license, including permits and other permissions needed to hunt, trap and fish, to a person, who is an enrolled member of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, the Penobscot Nation, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, or the Aroostook Band of Micmacs, if the person presents certification from the respective reservation governor or the Aroostook Micmac Council stating that they are an enrolled member of that federally recognized nation, band or tribe.

Other Licenses

Available at the Augusta Office only. For detailed information on the following licenses, contact MDIFW at (207) 287-5232.

- Hide Dealers License: See prohibition regarding selling of wild animals section on pages 10 & 11.
- Seasonal Hide Dealers License: Required for any place of business that butchers wild animals and commercially sells or barters the heads or untanned hides of deer or moose that they have butchered.
- Taxidermist License: Allows a place of business to lawfully possess fish or wildlife for the sole purpose of preparing and mounting them and to also buy, sell or barter raw, untanned hides or heads of wild animals. This includes skull and bone mounts, commonly referred to as European mounts.
- Guides License: Required for anyone who receives any form of remuneration for their services in accompanying or assisting others while hunting, fishing, trapping, boating, snowmobiling, ATVing, or camping at a primitive camping area.

APPRENTICE HUNTER LICENSE

An apprentice hunter license is available to a resident or non-resident 16 years or older who has never held a valid adult hunting license. A person may not obtain an apprentice hunter license more than five times. A person holding this license may not hunt other than in the presence of an adult supervisor at least 18 years of age who has held a valid hunting license for the prior three consecutive years. The supervisor is responsible for ensuring that the holder of an apprentice hunter license follows safe hunting protocol as well as all hunting laws.

2017-18 APPRENTICE HUNTER LICENSE FEES	
LICENSE	FEE
Resident Hunting (includes bear and turkey permits)	\$26.00
Resident Crossbow	\$26.00
Resident Archery	\$26.00
Non-resident Hunting (includes bear & turkey permits)	\$115.00
Non-resident Small Game (includes turkey permit)	\$75.00
Non-resident Crossbow	\$56.00
Non-resident Archery	\$75.00

Fees listed do not include agent fee.

LICENSE			FEE			
	Hunting (16 and older)		\$26.00			
		Junior Hunting (0 to 15 years old)				
	Small Game* Hunting (16 and	Small Game* Hunting (16 and older)				
	Combination Hunting & Fishir	Combination Hunting & Fishing (16 and older)				
	Combination Fishing & Archer	Combination Fishing & Archery (16 and older)				
MAINE RESIDENTS	Serviceman (resident) Combina	Serviceman (resident) Combination Hunting & Fishing				
NAINE KESIDEN 19	Serviceman (dependent) Comb	ination Hunting & Fishing	\$20.00			
	Serviceman (dependent) Hunti	ng	\$10.00			
	Disabled War Veteran (resident		FREE			
	Archery Hunting (16 and older)	\$26.00			
	Apprentice Hunter License (16	and older)	See info on page 7			
	Superpack		\$201.00			
	Big Game Hunting (16 and olde	er)	\$115.00			
	Combination Hunting & Fishir	g (16 and older)	\$150.00			
	Small Game* Hunting (16 and	older)	\$75.00			
ON- RESIDENTS	3-Day Small Game* Hunting (v	alid for 3 consecutive days)	\$50.00			
ON- VESIDENTS	Junior Hunting (0 to 15 years)		\$35.00			
	Archery Hunting (16 and older	Archery Hunting (16 and older)				
	6-Day Archery Hunting (16 and	6-Day Archery Hunting (16 and older)				
	Apprentice Hunter License (16	Apprentice Hunter License (16 and older)				
	Big Game Hunting (16 and old	Big Game Hunting (16 and older)				
	Combination Hunting & Fishir	\$191.00				
LIEN	Small Game* Hunting (16 and	Small Game* Hunting (16 and older)				
	Archery Hunting (16 and older	\$85.00				
	Junior Hunting (0 to 15 years)	Junior Hunting (0 to 15 years)				
	Bear Permits		See page 25 & 26			
	Coyote Night Hunting Permit		\$4.00			
	Crossbow Hunting Permit	Maine Resident	\$26.00			
	(16 and older)**	Non-resident	\$56.00			
		Alien	\$80.00			
	Deer, Moose, and Bear Registra	ation	\$5.00			
	Duplicate License		\$2.00			
	Expanded Archery Permits	Antlerless Deer	\$12.00			
THEN FEED	(See page 18)	Either Sex	\$32.00			
THER FEES	Falconry Permit Moose Permit		\$26.00			
	Moose Permit	Maine Resident	See page 21 \$13.00			
	Muzzleloader Permit	Non-resident	\$69.00			
	(16 and older)**	Alien	\$79.00			
	Pheasant Permit (Cumberland		\$17.00			
	State Migratory Waterfowl Per		\$7.50			
		time (10 and older)	\$15.00			
	Outdoor Larthers Linkraill	Outdoor Partners Program				
	Taxidermist, Hide Dealer, and	Quide Licenses	See info on page 7			

 $Fees\ listed\ do\ not\ include\ the\ agent\ fee.$

The commissioner may revoke all licenses and permits issued to any person who fails to pay the fees due and may recover fees associated with insufficient funds.

^{*}Small game license permits hunting of all legal species except deer, bear, moose, raccoon, and bobcat.

**A resident, non-resident, or alien under 16 years of age may hunt with a crossbow or muzzleloader if that person holds a valid junior hunting license.

***In addition to the State Migratory Waterfowl Permit, a Federal Migratory Waterfowl Permit is required.

LIFETIME LICENSE FEES							
RESIDENTS	FISHING	HUNTING	ARCHERY	TRAPPING	COMBINATION OF ANY TWO*	COMBINATION OF ANY THREE*	
5 years & under	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$250	\$400	
6-15 years of age	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$500	\$800	
65 years of age	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$80	\$110	
66 years of age	\$40	\$40	\$40	\$40	\$64	\$94	
67 years of age	\$30	\$30	\$30	\$30	\$48	\$78	
68 years of age	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$32	\$52	
69 years of age	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$16	\$26	
70 and older	\$8.00— Cover	s all authorities t	hat you are quali	ified to receive, se	ee below.		
NON RESIDENTS	FISHING	HUNTING	ARCHERY	TRAPPING	COMBINATION OF ANY TWO*	COMBINATION OF ANY THREE*	

5 years & under

6-15 years of age

\$450

\$900

\$450

\$900

MAINE LIFETIME LICENSE

A Maine Tradition and a Gift that Lasts a Lifetime

A lifetime license, purchased for yourself or as a gift, allows the bearer to fish, trap, and/or hunt for their lifetime, regardless of where they live in the future. Revenues generated by these licenses are deposited in a special trust fund that provides long-term financial support for Maine's fish and wildlife.

Applicants 70+ Years of Age

For a one-time fee of \$8.00, a senior lifetime license entitles the holder to all privileges they are qualified to receive including hunting, trapping, archery, and fishing. The license also includes the following permits: bear hunt, bear trap, muzzleloader, migratory waterfowl,

pheasant, spring and fall turkey, coyote night hunt, crossbow, one expanded archery antlerless and one expanded archery either sex. (Must still apply for any deer and moose permits each year).

\$450

\$900

\$450

\$900

Note: If you purchased a senior lifetime license before age 70, you do NOT have to pay the \$8.00 fee, and the permits listed in the previous paragraph are included with your lifetime license anytime during the calendar year you turn 70 years of age.

A lifetime license holder who turns 16 years of age is able to hunt with their lifetime license as an adult big game license upon showing proof of having completed the required safety course. Contact MDIFW to upgrade to an adult license, and obtain all necessary permits. See page 16 for more information on Junior Hunters.

SUPERPACK LICENSE

OF ANY THREE*

\$1,200

\$2,400

OF ANY TWO*

\$750

\$1,500

This license, available to Maine residents only, permits an eligible person to hunt and fish for all legal game and fish species, subject to all of the laws governing fishing, hunting, and archery.

The Superpack license includes muzzleloader, crossbow, migratory waterfowl, pheasant, spring/fall turkey, bear, coyote night hunt, and three expanded archery antlerless permits. It also includes one free chance in the moose lottery and entry into a special category in the annual any-deer permit lottery.

^{*}Hunting, fishing, archery

 $^{{\}it These fees are subject to change. Please check with the Department for current fees.}$

The MDIFW Commissioner may, at his discretion, revoke the hunting privileges of anyone convicted of a hunting violation, or any violation of fish and wildlife laws. This is in addition to any penalties imposed by a court of law. Some violations result in mandatory revocation (summarized below):

Minimum Mandatory Lifetime Hunting License Revocation

Second offense of placing or hunting over bait for deer.

Minimum Mandatory Ten Year Revocation of Hunting Licenses

If a person is convicted of Assault While Hunting [17A MRSA §208(A)] and the offense occurred in the context of hunting activity, and if, through failure of the hunter to make proper target identification, the offense resulted in the injury or death of another person.

Minimum Mandatory Five Year Revocation of Hunting Licenses

- Shooting a domestic animal while hunting.
- Hunting under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- Conviction of violation of 17A MRSA while on a hunting or fishing trip or in the pursuit of wild animals, birds or fish and when the wounding or killing of a human being has occurred.

Minimum Mandatory Three Year Revocation of ALL MDIFW Licenses

· Disturbing traps.

Minimum Mandatory Two Year Revocation of ALL MDIFW Licenses

- Burglary or criminal trespass of a building located within any unorganized township.
- Theft of any equipment used for hunting, fishing and trapping.
- Theft of any animal which has been obtained by hunting or trapping and which was in the possession or control of the person who hunted or trapped the animal.

Hunting Violations with a Minimum One Year License Revocation

- Illegally hunting and/or possessing deer, bear, or moose during closed season.
- · Night hunting.
- Discharging a firearm within 100 yards of a building or residential dwelling without permission of the owner, or in the owner's absence, an adult occupant who dwells in that location.
- Illegally buying and/or selling deer, bear, moose or wild turkeys.
- Illegally hunting/possessing wild turkeys including using illegal hunting methods.
- Hunting deer, bear, moose, or wild turkey after having killed one and/or exceeding the bag limit.

- First offense of placing or hunting over bait for deer.
- Destroying or tearing down a property posting sign (loss of hunting and fishing license).
- Hunting over another person's bear bait without written permission from that person.

Littering on WMAs

In addition to penalties provided by Maine's littering laws, a person convicted of littering on a state owned wildlife management area or sanctuary as defined in Title 12 shall surrender their hunting and/or fishing licenses for a period of up to one year.

Interstate Violations/Suspensions

Maine is a participating member of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact, an agreement that recognizes suspension of hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses across member states. This means that illegal activities in one state can affect a person's hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges in all participating states as well. If a person plans to hunt, fish, or trap in another state, and they have a license suspension in Maine, it is their responsibility to contact the other state to see if they can legally hunt, fish, or trap in that state.

GENERAL HUNTING LAWS

To hunt means to pursue, catch, take, kill or harvest

wild birds and wild animals (wild by nature, whether or not bred or reared in captivity), including any physical part of that species of mammal or bird.

Unlawful Conduct: The hunting, possession, transporting of any species of wild animal or wild bird, or parts thereof, for which an open hunting season is not specifically provided, and except as provided in the fish and wildlife laws, is unlawful. It is

also unlawful to take, possess, or needlessly destroy the nest or eggs of any wild bird.

PROHIBITION REGARDING SELLING OF WILD ANIMALS

Wild Birds: A person may not sell or possess for sale a wild bird, except for the plumage of lawfully taken wild birds, and only if that sale does not violate regulations of the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act.



Finished Wildlife Products: A person may buy, sell, barter or trade legally obtained finished wildlife products, excluding federally protected wild animals and birds.

Deer, Bear, or Moose: Naturally shed antlers: A person may, without a hide dealer's license, buy or sell naturally shed deer or moose antlers.

A person who has lawfully killed and registered a deer, bear or moose may, without a hide dealer's license, sell:

- The head, hide, antlers and feet of that deer.
- The head, hide, antlers, feet and bones of that moose.
- The head, hide, teeth, gallbladder* and claws (not attached to the paws) of that bear.

*Raw antlers and bear gallbladders may only be sold (including for money, barter, or trade) to a licensed hide dealer, and they must be tagged or accompanied with documentation containing the name and address of the person who legally killed the animal.

You Need a Hide Dealer's License To:

Commercially buy, sell, barter, or trade any raw, untanned animal hides (including fur-bearing animals) or parts of wild animals or birds not prohibited above.

Any parts bought or sold may not be attached to wild animal or wild bird parts that are prohibited from being sold.

Please refer to mefishwildlife.com for the latest changes to this license and the new reporting requirements.

NIGHT HUNTING

Except as otherwise provided, wild birds and wild animals may not be hunted from

½ hour after sunset until ½ hour before sunrise the following day.

Exceptions: migratory game bird, (see page 40), raccoon (see below), and coyote (see page 24).

RACCOON HUNTING

Raccoons may be hunted at night during the open season only when the hunter:

- · Is accompanied by a dog.
- Uses a rifle or handgun of no greater power than one which uses .22 caliber long rifle ammunition.
- Loads said rifle only when dispatching a raccoon that is treed or held at bay by a dog or dogs and has been identified by an electric flashlight.

PLACEMENT OF BAIT

As used in this section, "bait" means an animal, plant, or part thereof used to attract wild animals for the purpose of hunting.

A Person Placing Bait for Hunting Purposes Must:

- Obtain oral or written permission from the landowner or landowner's agent.
- Plainly label the bait with a 2-inch by 4-inch tag containing the name and address of the baiter.
- Clean up the bait site immediately upon landowner request; or if not requested, within 20 days of the last day the site is hunted.

A Person May NOT:

- Hunt over another person's bait site without the baiter's permission.
- Place any medicinal, poisonous, or stupefying substance to entice any animal.

Species-specific Baiting Laws:

• Baiting deer is prohibited. See page 17 for more information.

TARGET IDENTIFICATION WHILE HUNTING

(Summary of 12 MRSA §11222)

A hunter may not shoot at a target without at that point in time being certain that the target is the wild animal or wild bird sought.

A reasonable and prudent hunter:

- Risks losing legitimate prey so as not to risk destruction of human life.
- Neither disregards, nor fails to be aware of, the risk of causing the death of another human being as a consequence of misidentification.
- Never bases identification upon sound alone, or even upon sound combined

with what appears to be an appendage of the wild animal or wild bird sought.

- Bases identification upon an essentially unobstructed view of the potential target's head and torso.
- Recognizes that sound and sight target-determining factors are affected by a number of other considerations including, but not limited to, the distance to the target, surrounding or intervening terrain and cover, lighting and weather conditions, the hunter's hearing, eyesight, and experience level, and other people nearby.



SUNDAY HUNTING IS ILLEGAL IN MAINE

- Baiting moose and turkey is prohibited September 1 to December 15.
- Baiting turkey is prohibited during the spring wild turkey season.
- Further restrictions apply to bear baiting, see page 25.

MINIMUM SHOOTING DISTANCES Shooting within 100 Yards of Dwelling:

It is unlawful to discharge any firearm, muzzleloader, or crossbow, or cause a projectile to pass as a result of that discharge, within 100 yards (300 feet) of a building without permission from the owner or, in the owner's absence, an adult occupant who dwells in that location.

Definitions, as Used in This Section:

Building means any residential, commercial, retail, educational, religious or farm structure that is designed to be occupied by people or domesticated animals or is being used to shelter machines or harvested crops. This provision also applies to state-owned boat launches that are posted accordingly.

"Projectile" means a bullet, pellet, shot, shell, ball, bolt or other object propelled or launched from a firearm or crossbow.

Exception

Persons target practicing on land that they own or have permission to use may discharge a crossbow within 100 yards of a dwelling, provided the projectile does not enter another person's property.

Hunting Under the Influence: It is unlawful to hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

Possession of Hunting Equipment on Sunday: Possession of hunting equipment in the fields and forests or on the waters or ice of this state on Sunday is prima facie evidence of a violation of Sunday hunting law, unless the equipment is securely wrapped in a complete cover, fastened in a case, or carried in at least two separate pieces in such a way that it cannot be fired without the pieces being joined together (for the purpose of this paragraph, a firearm clip, magazine, or cylinder is not considered a "piece").

Bows and arrows must be kept in a case or cover if broadheads or field points are kept attached to the arrows.

Exception: A person may possess hunting equipment on Sunday for legitimate activities such as target practice, sighting in rifles, etc.

Airborne Hunting: A person on the ground or airborne may not use aircraft (including drones & remote-controlled aircraft) to aid or assist in hunting deer, bear, or moose.

Shooting from a Motor Vehicle or Motorboat or Possessing a Loaded Firearm or Crossbow in or on a Motor Vehicle: It is unlawful to shoot while in or on a motor vehicle, motorboat, snowmobile or ATV or have a loaded firearm or cross bow while in or on a motor vehicle, trailer, or other type of vehicle being hauled by a motor vehicle except as specifically allowed.

Exemptions

- · A holder of a valid Maine concealed weapon permit may carry a loaded pistol or revolver in a motor vehicle as prescribed by Title 25 sub 2001A.
- · Persons who are at least 21 years of age, or are at least 18 years of age and a member or honorably discharged veteran of the armed forces or National Guard, may carry a loaded pistol or revolver in or on a motor vehicle if they are not otherwise prohibited from carrying a firearm. Upon contact with a law enforcement officer, a person carrying a concealed handgun without a permit must notify the officer immediately.
- · Paraplegics and leg amputees may shoot from motor vehicles.
- Migratory waterfowl may be hunted from a motorboat in accordance with federal regulation.
- · A person who is hunting may rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that is under their control on the vehicle to shoot only when the vehicle is not in motion and the engine is off.
- A person may shoot from a motorboat if that boat is not being propelled by the motor and forward momentum of the boat has stopped. However, the wanton

- waste law allows you to shoot crippled waterfowl from a motorboat under power on coastal waters and all waters of rivers and streams lying seaward of the first upstream bridge.
- A person who is hunting who is on but not within an enclosed area or passenger compartment of an ATV or snowmobile may shoot a firearm or crossbow or rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that is under the person's control on the ATV or snowmobile to shoot only when the vehicle is not in motion and the engine is off.
- · While target shooting, not hunting, a person who is on but not within an enclosed area or passenger compartment of a vehicle may shoot a firearm or crossbow or rest a loaded firearm or crossbow that is under their control on the vehicle to shoot only when the vehicle isn't in motion and the engine is off.

Note: A loaded clip may be carried in a motor vehicle, but it must not be inserted in, or attached to, a firearm; a crossbow may be carried as long it is not cocked and armed; a muzzleloader is considered to be loaded only if charged with powder, projectile and a primed ignition device or mechanism.

Shooting From or Over a Public Paved Way: A person may not shoot or discharge any firearm, crossbow, or bow and arrow at any wild animal or bird from any public paved way (any road treated with bituminous or concrete material), from within 10 feet of the edge of its pavement, or from the right-of-way of any controlled access

Shooting of Domestic Animals: It is unlawful for any person, while on a hunting trip, to negligently, carelessly, or willfully shoot and wound or kill any domestic animal or bird.

highway.

Firearms on School Property: Possession of a firearm or crossbow on public school property or discharging one within 500 feet of school property, except as used in supervised educational programs or by law enforcement officials, is illegal.

Disposal of Remains: It is unlawful, except during normal field dressing or for baiting purposes, to dispose of the carcass, waste parts, or remains of a wild animal, unless you are on private property that you own, or property where you have landowner's permission to do so. ■





GENERAL LAWS

Wild animals and wild birds may be hunted only by the use of rifles, handguns, shotguns (not larger than 10-gauge), muzzleloader, handheld bow and arrow, crossbow, or falconry.

Deer and moose decoys are legal, as are laser sights (red dots or beam) for firearms and bows.

Electronic calling devices are legal for deer, bear, turkey, moose, and coyote, but are illegal for migratory game birds.

Illegal Devices:

- · It is unlawful to hunt with the use of (or sell or offer for sale for the purpose of hunting) a set gun, or any medicinal, poisonous or stupefying substance (except rodenticide for orchard mouse control and gas cartridges for woodchuck control).
- Drawlocks and set bows are illegal unless otherwise permitted for disabled hunters.
- · Crossbows cannot be used to hunt wild turkeys in the fall season, or deer during the expanded archery, regular October archery, or the muzzleloader season. Please see exceptions and additional information related to crossbow hunting on page 15.

Illegal Use of Lights: From September 1 to December 15, it is unlawful to use artificial lights from ½ hour after sunset until ½ hour before sunrise to illuminate, jack, locate, attempt to locate or show up wild birds or animals, except raccoons, which may be hunted at night with electric flashlights during the open season (see General Hunting Provisions for details). An exception to this may be made for

agents appointed by the commissioner to hunt coyotes at night during this period under policies established by MDIFW.

FIREARMS LAWS

It is Unlawful to Hunt with, or Possess for Hunting, Any:

- · Automatic firearm (a firearm that continues to fire as long as the trigger is held
- · Auto-loading firearm (a firearm that reloads itself after each shot and requires a separate trigger pull for each shot) with a magazine capacity of more than 5 cartridges (plus 1 in the chamber for a total of 6), unless the magazine has been permanently altered to contain not more than 5 cartridges.

Note: This provision does not apply to .22 caliber rimfire guns or to auto-loading pistols with barrel lengths of less than 8 inches.

3-shell Max for Migratory Game Birds:

It is unlawful to hunt any migratory game bird with a shotgun originally capable of holding more than 3 shells unless the magazine has been cut off, altered, or plugged with a one-piece filler (incapable of removal without disassembling the gun), so as to reduce the capacity of the gun to not more than 3 shells in the magazine and chamber combined.

Silencers: It is unlawful to hunt with or possess for hunting any firearm fitted or contrived with any device for deadening the sound of the explosion without a

Bullet Types: It is unlawful to hunt with cartridges that contain tracer bullets or explosive bullets.

Cartridges:

- Firearms with .17 or .22 caliber rimfire cartridges may not be used for deer, moose, or bear hunting, except that .22 magnum can be used for deer hunting.
- · Shotguns using shot loads can not be used to hunt bear or moose.

Archery Season Provisions: No firearms of any kind may be carried while hunting deer with a bow and arrow during the special or expanded archery seasons on deer, except that a person who also holds a license that allows hunting with firearms may carry a handgun; but it cannot be used to shoot a deer or dispatch a wounded deer.

Loaded Firearms in Motor Vehicles:

It is unlawful to have a loaded firearm or crossbow in or on a motor vehicle (including trailer, ATV, aircraft, snowmobile, or railway car), unless otherwise specified. See page 12 for more information.

A loaded magazine may be carried in a motor vehicle, but it must not be inserted in or attached to a firearm.

Firearms may be transported in a motor vehicle without a concealed firearms permit provided they are (1) unloaded and in plain view, or (2) are unloaded and placed in a remote secure area (such as a locked trunk) away from the control of the occupants of the motor vehicle.

For the purpose of this law, a muzzleloader is considered to be loaded only if charged with powder, a projectile, and a primed ignition device or mechanism. A crossbow is considered loaded if cocked and armed. Exceptions apply when carrying a concealed pistol or revolver.

Carrying Concealed Firearms: A person may carry a concealed handgun without a permit and may have that concealed, loaded pistol or revolver in, or on, a motor vehicle or trailer if:

- The person is 21 years of age or older and is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm or;
- The person is 18 years of age or older and under 21 years of age and on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard or is an honorably discharged veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard and is not otherwise prohibited from carrying a firearm.

Upon contact with a law enforcement officer, a person carrying a concealed handgun without a permit is required to notify them immediately.

ARCHERY INFORMATION

Seasons: The regular archery license allows bow and arrow hunting for all legal game throughout the year, except for deer during the muzzleloader season.

Licenses: You must have an archery license to hunt during the regular and expanded archery deer seasons, or hunt with a bow and arrow in general.

Permits: In addition to an archery license, hunters participating in the expanded archery deer season (designated areas only) must also purchase permits. Multiple antlerless deer permits may be purchased for \$12 each, and an either-sex permit for the expanded archery deer season is \$32.

Exceptions: Complimentary archery license holders (Disabled Veteran, Native

American) and junior hunting license holders may hunt with those licenses during the expanded archery deer season.

Obtaining an Archery License: Applicants for the regular archery license must show proof of having successfully completed an archery hunter education course or of having held a Maine adult archery license in any year after 1979. When proof or evidence cannot be provided, the applicant may substitute a signed affidavit. Native Americans are exempt from safety course requirements for archery, crossbow, and trapping.

- Junior hunters who hold a valid Junior Hunting License are allowed to hunt with bow and arrow when accompanied by an adult supervisor (see page 16).
- A hunter may carry a handgun while bowhunting, but it may NOT be used to dispatch deer.
- Laws that allow you to hunt without a license on your own land under certain conditions apply to archery hunting (see page 6).
- Deer & bear may be taken under the archery provisions only by means of hand-held bow with a minimum draw weight of 35 pounds (for moose a minimum draw weight of 45 pounds is required), and broad-head arrow. Arrow heads (including expandable mechanical broadheads) must be at least % inch in width. It is unlawful to use a set bow, or to use arrows with poisonous or explosive tips. Hunters 70 years of age or older may hunt any wild bird or wild animal with a crossbow during any open season on that wild bird or wild animal.
- Hunter orange clothing is NOT required when hunting with bow and arrow.
 Anyone who hunts with a firearm or crossbow must wear hunter orange (see more information on the left).
- All deer killed by bow and arrow during the archery seasons must be inspected and registered at the first open deer registration station.
- It is legal to hunt until ½ hour after sunset during both archery deer seasons.
- In WMDs where no any-deer permits are issued, archers and junior hunters are not allowed to harvest antlerless deer during the archery season on deer. (Deer taken during the expanded archery deer season are by appropriate permit as described above.)

In addition, all other laws pertaining to deer hunting apply to archery hunting.

HUNTER ORANGE CLOTHING REQUIREMENT

Hunter orange is defined as a daylight fluorescent orange color with a dominant wave length between 595 and 605 nanometers, excitation purity of at least 85% and luminance factor of at least 40%. A decal on an article of clothing that is otherwise solid hunter orange is permissible. Articles of hunter orange clothing must be in good and serviceable condition and visible from all sides.

Firearms and Muzzleloader Seasons on Deer

Anyone who hunts any species with a firearm, muzzleloader, or crossbow during any firearms or muzzleloader season on deer (also on Youth Deer Day) must wear two articles of hunter orange clothing. One article must be a solid-colored hunter orange hat; the other must cover a major portion of the torso, such as a jacket, vest, coat or poncho and must be a minimum of 50% hunter orange in color (camouflage).

Archery Seasons on Deer

Hunter orange clothing is not required while hunting with a bow and arrow during the archery seasons.

Moose Hunting Season

Anyone who hunts any species with a firearm or crossbow in a Wildlife Management District that is open to moose hunting must wear one article of solid-colored hunter orange clothing (hats count). When moose season overlaps the firearms season on deer, then two pieces must be worn. All laws pertaining to deer hunting apply to moose hunters during these seasons.

Bear, Turkey, and Upland Game Bird Hunters

When hunting bears, turkeys, and upland game birds, hunter orange clothing is only required when hunting with a firearm or crossbow during the firearms hunting season on deer, the muzzleloader season on deer, or within an open moose hunting district during moose hunting season.

Waterfowl Hunters

are not affected by the provisions above while hunting from a boat, blind, or in conjunction with waterfowl decoys.

Exception

Any hunter whose religion prohibits wearing hunter orange may wear red instead. All minimum wear requirements for hunter orange still apply when hunter red is substituted for hunter orange.

RELEASING DOGS FROM TRAPS

A dog's reaction to being caught in a foothold trap can vary from calm to frightened, but upon being released they do not normally sustain injury. The most common trap type used in Maine is the coilspring variety (shown here), and other types that you might come across operate by similar mechanisms. If your dog gets caught in one of them, follow these steps:

Get Help: If available, get a second person to assist you.

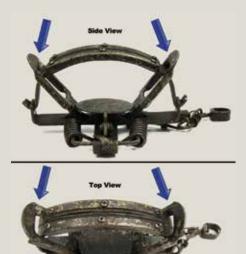
Protect Yourself: Some dogs may attempt to bite, especially as the trap is removed from their foot. Protect yourself by securing the dog's muzzle using a jacket or vest, or by placing a barrier between you and the dog.

Open the Trap: If possible, put the trap flat on the ground. To open the trap, push down on the levers located at either end of the jaws. This will

release tension on the jaws and allow you to remove the dog's foot.

Respect the Trapper, and Obey the Law: It is unlawful to take or destroy a trap without permission from the owner.

Prevent Future Incidents: Trappers commonly use lures and urine to attract furbearers such as foxes and coyotes. You can train your dog to avoid trap locations by utilizing these scents in mock trap sets.



OBSERVATION STANDS

It is unlawful to insert any metallic or ceramic object into a tree on another person's land for the purpose of erecting a ladder or observation stand, unless you have permission from the landowner. You must obtain verbal or written permission of the landowner (or representative) to erect or use a portable or permanent ladder or observation stand, and the ladder or observation stand must be plainly labeled with a 2-inch by 4-inch tag with the names and addresses of everyone the landowner has authorized to use it.

Exception: Portable ladders or observation stands used on land within the jurisdiction of the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission and attended by the person who owns the ladder or observation stand do not require landowner permission or labeling, but permanent ones do.

Note: For more information on private property use, see page 31. Observation stands do not include portable blinds utilized at ground level that remain in the hunter's physical possession.

CROSSBOW INFORMATION

Crossbow Permits

To purchase a crossbow hunting permit, you must first hold a valid big game hunting license or an archery license, and must submit proof of having successfully completed an archery hunting education course and a crossbow hunting course or satisfactory evidence of having previously held adult archery and crossbow hunting permits in any year after 1979. If you cannot provide proof or evidence, a signed affidavit can be substituted.

Valid junior hunting license holders may hunt with a crossbow without purchasing permits.

Crossbow Seasons

By Maine State Law, a crossbow is not considered a firearm. A person may hunt any wild bird or animal with a crossbow during any open season on that bird or animal while still following all the other laws pertinent to that species, except that a licensed crossbow hunter 64 years of age or younger may not hunt wild turkey during the fall turkey season or hunt deer during the expanded archery, special October archery or muzzleloader seasons.

Hunters 65 years or older, or who have a special handicap permit to use a crossbow, may use a crossbow for any species in season with the appropriate permits.

For Native Americans, see page 19.

Crossbow Equipment Laws Required Features

- Only crossbows with a shoulder-type stock may be used.
- Draw weight must be at least 100 pounds (there is no max).
- · Arrowheads, including mechanical broadheads when open, must be at least % inch
- · Crossbows must be equipped with a mechanical trigger safety device in working condition.

Prohibited Features

- · Hand-held pistol-type crossbows are prohibited
- · Arrows with explosive or poisonous tips are prohibited

Optional, but Allowed Features

• Crossbows equipped with scopes or sights may be used.

TRAIL/GAME CAMERAS LAW

People using trail and game cameras may not place a camera upon another person's private land without written permission. All cameras must be labeled with the person's name and contact information.

Junior Hunters

JUNIOR HUNTING LICENSES

Children 16 and under must have a junior hunting license to hunt. There is no minimum age to purchase a junior hunting license.

After a junior hunter's 16th birthday, they may continue to hunt on their junior license for the remainder of the calendar year, if they complete the hunter safety course they can continue to hunt on their junior license and hunt without supervision (except for youth hunting days) or they may upgrade to an adult license and cannot hunt on youth hunt days. If they purchase an adult license they must also purchase necessary permits.

Junior license holders can hunt with a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow (see pg. 15 for more crossbow information). The license includes hunting permits for muzzleloader, spring and fall turkey, bear, coyote night hunt, pheasant, state migratory waterfowl, one expanded archery antlerless deer permit, and one expanded archery either sex permit.

Note: A lifetime license purchased for a hunter under 16 years of age is considered a junior license until upgraded to an adult license by contacting MDIFW.

SUPERVISION OF JUNIOR HUNTERS

- Hunters from 10–15 years of age must be in the presence of, and under the effective control of, an adult supervisor.
- Hunters under the age of 10 must be in the presence of, and under the effective control of, an adult supervisor who remains at all times within 20 feet of the hunter.

A. "Adult Supervisor" Means:

- 1. The parent or guardian of the junior hunter who holds or has held a valid Maine hunting license or successfully completed a hunter safety course.
- 2. A person 18 years of age or older who:
 - a. Is approved by the parent or guardian of the junior hunter; and
 - Holds or has held a valid Maine hunting license or successfully completed a hunter safety course.

B. "In the Presence of" Means:

in visual and voice contact without the use of visual or audio enhancement devices, including but not limited to binoculars and citizen band radios.

YOUTH HUNTING DAYS

Junior hunters who hold a valid junior hunting license (including a lifetime license) can participate in special youth hunting days for bear, deer, spring wild turkey, and migratory waterfowl.

If a person is continuing to hunt on a junior hunting license and has turned 16 they may hunt on youth hunting days. If that 16 year old who is hunting with a junior hunting license has completed their hunter safety course they still must have adult supervision on the youth hunting days only.

On these days, all laws pertaining to hunting deer, bear, spring wild turkey, and waterfowl apply. With the exception of youth waterfowl days, the accompanying parent, guardian, or qualified adult shall not possess a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow.

16-year-olds still hunting on valid junior hunting licenses may hunt on youth hunt days without purchasing additional permits, except for migratory waterfowl youth hunt days, which require anyone 16 or older to obtain a valid Federal Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp.



On youth only hunting days, the accompanying parent, guardian, or qualified adult shall not possess a firearm, bow and arrow or crossbow while accompanying a participating junior hunter.

YOUTH HUNTIN	IG				
SPECIES	YOUTH HUNTING DAY(S)	REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO JUNIOR HUNTERS			
Bear	August 26, 2017	A licensed junior hunter may hunt bear with a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow during the youth bear hunting day. Use of dogs is prohibited; hunting over bait or still hunting is permitted.			
Deer	October 21, 2017	Participants are allowed to take one deer of either sex (in WMD's where antlerless deer permits are issued) with a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow. If a junior hunter shoots a deer on the youth deer hunting day, they are prohibited from taking any additional deer, unless they have been awarded a bonus antlerless-deer permit or participate in the expanded archery season (designated areas only) with appropriate expanded archery permits.			
Spring Wild Turkey	April 28, 2018	Participants may take up to two bearded wild turkeys with a shotgun, bow and arrow, or crossbow, but cannot exceed an individual WMD bag limit. See wild turkey, page 23.			
	North Zone: September 16, 2017 & December 9, 2017	ALL duck species - except Harlequins, Barrow's Goldeneye, Moorhens and Gallinules - may be hunted on these days, including geese. For the October 21, November 4, and December 9 youth days, the goose limit is under the Regular Season limit. On September 16,			
Waterfowl	South Zone: September 23, 2017 & October 21, 2017	September 23, October 21, November 4, and December 9, scoters, eiders, and long-tailed ducks may be taken as part of the 6 bird daily limit on regular ducks. Also on these dates, 2 Black Ducks may be taken.) Must follow regular season bag limits and exceptions.			
	Coastal Zone: September 23, 2017 & November 4, 2017	The supervisor may not carry a firearm, bow and arrow, or crossbow while accompanying a youth hunter on a youth hunt day except when it occurs during the early goose season the accompanying adult may hunt for geese only.			

Deer Hunting

Hunting of antlerless deer (a deer that has no antlers or has antlers less than 3 inches in length measured from the skull) is prohibited except by special permit during both the firearms and muzzleloader seasons.

In WMDs where no any-deer permits are issued, archers and junior hunters are also not allowed to harvest antlerless deer.

Multiple deer may be taken during the expanded archery season, and one may be taken during any one of the remaining seasons (with appropriate licenses or permits).

DEER HUNTING PROHIBITIONS

Baiting deer by placing salt, grain, fruit, nuts or other foods or bait known to be attractive to deer, or hunting from an observation stand or blind overlooking such bait, is prohibited from June 1 to December 15. This does not apply to hunting from an observation stand or blind overlooking:

- Standing crops
- · Foods that have been left as a result of a natural occurrence or normal agricultural operations
- · Bear bait that has been placed at a bear hunting stand or blind in accordance with bear baiting laws

Illegal Equipment: Deer may not be hunted with the use of dogs, artificial lights, snares, traps, set guns or any firearm using .17 or .22 caliber rimfire cartridges, except that .22 caliber rimfire magnum cartridges are permitted. Deer decoys are legal.

Driving Deer: A person may not participate in a hunt for deer during which an organized or planned effort is made to drive deer. Four or more persons working together to move deer constitutes such an effort.

One and Done: It is unlawful to hunt deer after having killed or registered one during the open season of that calendar year, unless you are participating in the expanded archery season on deer (see page 18) or possess a valid bonus or superpack antlerless deer permit.

Gift deer: Gift deer may not be possessed unless clearly labeled with the name and



address of the person who registered the animal, and the year it was registered.

Buying, Selling, and Bartering Deer: see pages 10 & 11.

AREAS CLOSED TO DEER HUNTING

- Mt. Desert Island in Hancock County;
- · Cross and Scotch Islands, located in Washington County;
- · The town of Isle au Haut and islands within that town, located in Knox County; and
- · Wildlife sanctuaries, with exceptions listed below.

AREAS OPEN TO DEER HUNTING

But with these Special Restrictions:

- Beauchamp Point Sanctuary in Camden and Rockport, Knox County, is open to archery hunting for deer during any open hunting season that allows archery equipment to be used to hunt deer.
- **Cranberry Isles** in Hancock County is open to bow and arrow hunting for deer only during the archery and firearms seasons on deer and to shotgun hunting during the firearms season on deer.
- The island of Frenchboro is open to deer hunting with shotgun only during the firearms season on deer.

- Islesboro, Waldo County, is open to deer hunting with bow and arrow only during the archery, expanded archery, or firearms seasons on deer.
- Prout's Neck; Richmond's Island; Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary contains approximately 1,600 acres open to deer hunting, with bow and arrow only, during the open special archery season and the firearms season on deer.

Note: Landowner permission required.

• Southport: In the town of Southport, Lincoln County, and on all islands within its confines, it is lawful to hunt deer with shotguns only, during the firearms

Municipal Ordinances: Several Maine cities and towns have adopted local ordinances that restrict or prohibit the discharge of certain projectiles (e.g., arrows, bullets). Prior to hunting near densely populated communities, hunters should check with local authorities regarding such ordinances.

Towns may regulate the discharge of firearms as provided by Title 30-A; however, they cannot regulate or charge fees to hunt, fish or trap.

DEER PERMITS & LICENSES

Muzzleloader Permit

- Muzzleloader means a firearm that is capable of being loaded only through the muzzle; is ignited by a matchlock, wheel lock, flintlock, or caplock, including an in-line caplock or shotgun or rifle primer mechanism; has a rifled or smooth-bored barrel capable of firing only a single charge; propels a ball, bullet, or charge of shot; and may have any type of sights, including scopes.
- A muzzleloader permit, in addition to a valid adult big game hunting license that allows the use of firearms, is required for hunters 16 years of age or older prior to hunting deer during the muzzleloader deer season. The muzzleloader permit is included in the junior hunting license and the senior (age 70+) lifetime license.
- Hunter orange clothing is required during this season (see page 14).
- Hunting hours are from ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.
- Except as specified, all other laws relating to the taking of deer with firearms shall apply to the taking of deer with muzzleloaders.
- Only muzzleloaders that are 40 caliber or greater and capable of firing only a single charge and crossbows by persons 65 years of age or older may be used to hunt deer during this season.

Expanded Archery Permit

- Restricted to designated areas (contact MDIFW, or see our website, for maps of areas).
- Archery hunting only.
- Hunters who have a valid archery license can purchase multiple antlerless deer permits and one either-sex permit.
- Deer must be legally transported and registered as required for other deer seasons.
- All other archery deer hunting laws apply.
- Junior hunters may hunt during this season with their junior hunting license.
 The junior hunting license includes one expanded archery antlerless deer permit and one either sex permit. If the hunter wants to take additional deer, unlimited expanded archery antlerless deer permits may be purchased.

Antlerless Deer Permit

- Hunting of antlerless deer during the firearms season and muzzleloader season is restricted to those hunters who possess a valid any-deer permit, bonus antlerless deer permit, or superpack antlerless deer permit.
- Antlerless deer may be taken by hunters during the expanded (September

 December) and regular (October)
 archery seasons. Archers may not take
 antlerless deer in WMDs where any

- deer permits are not issued. Any-deer permits are acquired by lottery only and applications are available mid-June.
- In several WMDs, there may be more anydeer permits available than applicants.
 Unclaimed bonus antlerless deer permits will be allocated in a chance drawing until all permits in that district have been issued.
- Maine's antlerless deer (firearms) hunt is a "permit only" hunt.



DEER POPULATION MONITORING PROJECT

MDIFW biologists annually collect weather-related data (i.e., temperature, snow depth, and deer sinking depth) from 27 representative sites across Maine to calculate a weather severity index (WSI).

This index has been used since 1973 at the statewide and WMD levels to estimate an all-inclusive annual over-winter mortality rate (WMR) of white-tailed deer, which accounts for predation, malnutrition, physical limitations of deer, etc.

Since the correlation between WSI and WMR was identified, it has become a cornerstone of Maine's deer management system.

But because the metric derives from an ecological relationship, which may change over time, our high wildlife management standards require that we continue to monitor its efficacy. To that end, MDIFW has initiated a 5-year population monitoring project that uses GPS Satellite collar technology to track survival/mortality trends among Maine's antlerless deer populations. The project's primary goals are to:

- 1. Reevaluate the correlation between WSI and WMR for white-tailed deer
- 2. Assess seasonal survival rates for the adult female (≥1.5 years) and fawn segments of the population
- 3. Assess cause-specific mortality of adult female and fawn populations
- Reassess the current winter severity index and try to identify a new, more simplistic, metric
- Begin to understand predator-prey dynamics for white-tailed deer in Maine

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS

It is unlawful to allow any dog to run at large at any time, except when used for hunting or training. ("AT LARGE" means off the premises of the owner and not under the control of any person by means of personal presence or attention.) It is unlawful to allow any dog to chase, wound, or kill a deer or moose at any time or any other wild animal in closed season.

REPORTING ACCIDENTS **& AIDING VICTIMS**

Any person who knows or has reason to believe that they have inflicted injury to another person by the use of firearms or bow and arrow is required to make themselves known to the victim and render such first aid and assistance as they are capable of under the circumstances. The incident must be reported by the quickest means, to a game warden or other law enforcement officer.

HARASSMENT OF HUNTERS

It is illegal for any person to willfully interfere with the lawful hunting of any wild animal or wild bird, including the willful disturbance of wild animals or wild birds with intent to interfere with their lawful taking. Note: This law does not limit the ownership, use, access, or control of property rights otherwise provided by law.



HUNTERS FOR THE HUNGRY

Attention hunters! Some Maine citizens lack adequate nutrition. A gift of meat from your hunt can help reduce hunger in Maine. Hunters for the Hungry is a program for donating wild game meat to food kitchens, shelters, and charitable organizations statewide. To find out how you can help call 1-888-4DEERME (433-3763).

2017 DEER SEASONS & BAG LIMITS		
SEASON	DATES	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION LIMIT
Expanded Archery (limited area/permit required)	September 9 - December 9, 2017	1
Regular Archery (Statewide)	September 28 - October 27, 2017*	
Firearms (allows use of bow and arrow,	Maine Residents Only: October 28, 2017	Only 1 may be taken annually.
crossbows**, firearms, or muzzleloaders)	All Hunters: October 30 - November 25, 2017	Exception: Additional deer may be taken by participants in the Expanded Archery Season within the expanded archery zones or by anyone possess-
Youth Deer Hunting Day	October 21, 2017	ing a bonus antlerless deer permit or superpack antlerless deer permit.
Muzzleloader	Week 1: All Wildlife Management Districts (WMD's) November 27 - December 2, 2017	
wuzzieloader	Week 2: WMD's 12, 13, 15-18, 20-26, 29 December 4 - December 9, 2017]

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday.

^{*}During the regular archery season, participants may take a deer of either sex if hunting in a WMD where antlerless deer permits are issued.

^{**}See page 15 for information on the use of crossbows.

Chronic Wasting Disease

WHAT IS CWD?

- CWD is a fatal brain disease of whitetailed deer, mule deer, caribou, moose, and elk. It is similar to mad cow disease which occurs in cattle.
- CWD occurs in wild deer populations in 18 U.S. states and two Canadian provinces, including states as close as Pennsylvania and New York.
- CWD has not yet been recorded as being transmissible to people. However, a human variant of the disease does exist.
- CWD can persist in the environment outside of a host for many years.
- CWD has a 100% mortality rate in deer.

CWD Monitoring and Prevention in Maine

- Maine has actively monitored for CWD each year since 1999, and since that time screened approximately 9,000 wild deer. Thus far, Maine proudly remains CWD free.
- It is illegal for individuals to bring into Maine cervid carcasses or parts, except that the following carcass parts may be imported and possessed: boned-out meat, hardened antlers, skull caps that have been cleaned free of brain and other tissues, capes and hides with no skull attached, teeth, and finished taxidermy mounts.

REGULATIONS ON FEEDING DEER

Feeding deer is prohibited from June 1 to December 15. The Commissioner can stop anyone from feeding deer at any time if there is a public safety hazard or if it is harmful to the deer population.

WASTE OF GAME

A person may not waste a wild bird or wild animal that has been wounded or killed while hunting. For purposes of this section "waste" means to intentionally leave a wounded or killed animal in the field or forest without making a reasonable effort to retrieve and render it for consumption or use. This law does not apply to coyotes.

 MDIFW prohibits the transportation of unprocessed deer carcasses, and/or parts, into Maine from states that are not directly adjacent to our state.

Note: Cervid carcasses or parts from New Hampshire and provinces of New Brunswick, Labrador, Newfoundland, and Quebec are exempt from this transportation restriction.

 MDIFW will not transplant deer from other states into Maine.

MDIFW Recommends that Individuals:

- Contact their regional wildlife biologist, or warden, if an animal shows clinical signs of illness, such as loss of fear of humans, drooling, and/or excessive weight loss.
- Take precautionary steps such as using latex gloves while processing a harvested deer, and sterilizing their equipment following processing. These steps will help to reduce potential transmission of the disease to humans. Again, thus far CWD has not been identified in a person.
- Avoid consumption of the brain and spinal tissues.

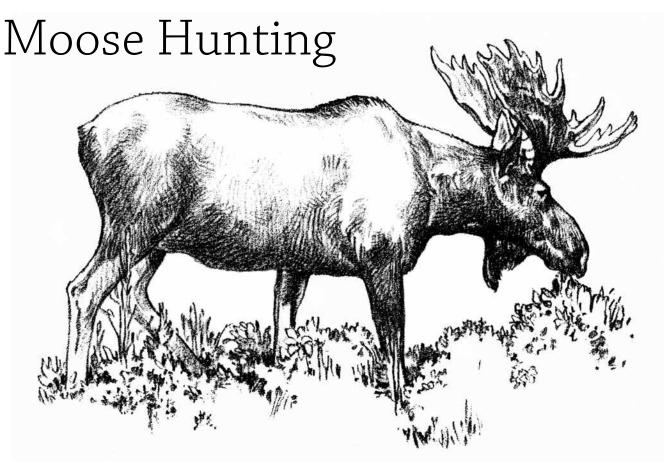
MDIFW CHECK STATIONS

Our wildlife biologists annually collect information that allows MDIFW to assess the condition and productivity of Maine's deer population. Much of the information we collect comes from hunter-harvested deer. As such, the information you provide us with is used directly for deer management purposes, in Maine. A summary of the information we collect from you can be found within our Annual Research and Management Reports.

- Refrain from feeding deer during the winter months, as high densities of deer within a small area can increase disease transmission.
- Do not use urine-based lures, as CWD has been shown to be spread via bodily fluids. To the best of our knowledge, commercial lures are not currently monitored for CWD. If you choose to utilize a urine-based lure, be certain to place it in a location that deer cannot come in contact with.

CAUTION ON LIVER & KIDNEY CONSUMPTION

The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and the Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention recommend that the liver and kidneys of moose not be eaten because of possible contamination with the heavy metal cadmium. Also, recent studies have shown smaller amounts of cadmium in liver tissues from Maine deer, and deer, elk and antelope from other states. Maine health officials recommend limiting deer liver consumption to 0.8 pounds in one sitting and 1 to 1 ⅓ pounds per week. Human symptoms of acute cadmium poisoning include severe nausea. vomiting, diarrhea, muscle cramps and salivation. There is no known health risk from eating moose meat or deer meat.



MOOSE HUNTING PERMIT

Maine's moose hunt is a "permit only" hunt. 2,080 permits were issued for the 2017 moose hunt. Each permittee may select a subpermittee to hunt with them. Applications are available by January 31. A person may not hunt moose with an apprentice hunter license. The bag limit is one moose per year, by either permittee or subpermittee. A person 10 years of age or older on the opening day of the

moose hunt is eligible to apply for a moose hunting permit in that calendar year. A person under the age of 10 on the opening day of the moose hunting season may apply to earn a point in the lottery system, but cannot receive a permit.

Permits for 65 Years Old and Older:

A resident 65 years of age or older with 30 points or more in the moose lottery system who applies for a moose permit is guaranteed a permit.

Permits for Sporting Camp Owners:

In any year when moose permit numbers exceed 3,140 persons who operate a sporting camp and meet specific requirements defined in the law may apply for a moose permit through a chance drawing which is separate from the regular moose lottery.

2017 MOOSE PERMIT HUNT SEASONS & BAG LIMITS					
WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT DISTRICT	DATES	DAILY BAG & POSSESSION LIMIT			
1-6, 11, 19	September 25 - September 30, 2017	1			
1-14, 17-19, 27, 28	October 9 - October 14, 2017				
1-4, 19	October 23 - October 28, 2017	Only 1 may be taken annually with permit.			
15, 16	October 30 - November 25, 2017	, ,			
15, 16 Maine Resident Permit Holders Only	October 28, 2017	J			

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday. See page 15 for information on the use of crossbows.

Wild Turkey Hunting

Anyone who possesses a big game or small game firearms license or archery license may obtain a combination spring/fall wild turkey permit.

LANDOWNER PRIVILEGES

The following laws and regulations are specific to spring and fall wild turkey hunting seasons. Hunters must also comply with all other applicable fish and wildlife laws.

Any private landowner is eligible to hunt wild turkeys on their own land without a turkey hunting permit if:

- 1. That person owns a particular piece of land that is 25 or more contiguous acres in size and is located within the turkey hunting zone designated for the season that they wish to hunt;
- 2. That person is permanently domiciled on that land;
- 3. The land is managed for the raising and selling of dairy cattle, dairy products, or beef cattle; and
- 4. The land is open to hunting including hunting by permission only.

Any family member permanently domiciled on that land is also eligible to hunt wild turkeys on that land without a permit. (Family member means any family member, including spouse, grandchildren, etc. who resides on the property). A landowner must provide proof of eligibility if requested by an agent of the commissioner.

All other standard reporting and tagging procedures are required. Turkey may be taken during any open week of the season. Landowners are allowed a bag limit of 2 bearded wild turkeys in the spring season and 2 turkeys of either sex in the fall season. Please check the WMD in which you are hunting as some are closed, some are open with a bag limit of one turkey, and some are open with a bag limit of two turkeys.

WILD TURKEY TO BE TAGGED

Any person killing a wild turkey shall immediately and securely attach to its leg a plainly visible tag bearing his/her full name, address and license number. A gift turkey must be labeled with the name and address of the person who registered it and the year the turkey was registered.

WILD TURKEY TRANSPORTATION

Any wild turkey being moved or transported in any manner must have a tag securely attached, and it must be accompanied by the person who killed it. Unless the wild turkey has been legally registered, no person shall keep a wild turkey at his/her home or at any place of storage (except at the official registration station or at the office of a Maine Game Warden) for more than eighteen (18) hours without first notifying a game warden.

WILD TURKEY REGISTRATION

All wild turkeys taken by hunters shall be presented for registration within 18 hours at one of the registration stations established for that purpose. All wild turkeys taken by hunters shall be presented for registration within 18 hours at one of the registration stations established for that purpose. At registration, the entire turkey, except the viscera, must be presented, and all radio transmitters, leg bands and wing tags must be submitted to MDIFW. The fee to register a wild turkey is \$2.00.

WILD TURKEY HUNTING PROHIBITIONS

No Person May:

- 1. Employ the use of a dog or dogs in any manner while hunting turkey except during the fall season;
- 2. Engage in an organized drive of any manner:
- 3. Use bait:
- 4. Use a trap or other device intended or designed to capture or ensnare wild turkevs;
- 5. Shoot a turkey while it is in a tree;
- 6. Present for registration, or allow to be registered in his or her name, a wild turkey that he/she did not lawfully kill;
- 7. Hunt wild turkeys within a WMD that is closed to hunting wild turkeys.
- 8. Possess any part or parts of a wild turkey unless each part is plainly labeled with the name and address of the person who registered the turkey, and the year it was registered;
- 9. Buy, sell, offer for sale or barter, or aid someone in buying, selling, or offering for sale or barter, any wild turkey (except the plumage of legally taken turkeys).
- 10. Hunt or register a wild turkey during the spring or fall turkey season after having killed or registered two turkeys already during the same season.

OUESTIONNAIRES

A sample of wild turkey permit holders, including those who did not hunt or were unsuccessful, will be asked by MDIFW to complete a questionnaire and return it within 10 days of the close of the wild turkey hunting season. Information provided by hunters is an important part of our wild turkey management program.

WILD TURKEY LEGAL HUNTING HOURS

Legal hunting time is from ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset.

WILD TURKEY LICENSING. PERMIT. **GENERAL BAG LIMITS & WHO MAY HUNT**

License & Permit

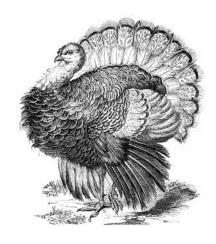
The spring and fall wild turkey hunting seasons are open to all hunters with valid big or small game hunting licenses. A combination spring/fall wild turkey permit is also required and available for \$20, plus agent fee.

General Bag Limits

The spring/fall turkey permit allows the taking of two (2) bearded wild turkeys in the spring and two (2) wild turkeys of either sex in the fall, but an individual WMD bag limit cannot be exceeded.

Who May Hunt

The turkey hunter must possess the spring/ fall wild turkey permit and their hunting license at all times while hunting. A person may assist in a hunt without a license or permit for that activity as long as that person does not carry a firearm, archery or crossbow equipment (means to kill).



SPRING WILD TURKEY HUNTING

The spring wild turkey hunting season is open statewide.

Equipment

- · Shotgun: A person can use shotgun gauges 10 through 20, using shot sizes 4 through 6 or mixed loads that include shot sizes 4 through 7. A person must possess a valid big or small game hunting license and a turkey permit.
- Bow & Arrow: A person must possess a valid archery license, and a turkey permit.
- Crossbow: A crossbow may be used to hunt wild turkeys during the spring wild turkey hunting season. A person hunting with a crossbow must possess either a valid big game firearms hunting license or an archery license as well as a turkey permit and crossbow permit. (A person must have taken an archery and crossbow

hunting education course or show proof that they have previously held an archery and crossbow hunting license prior to purchasing their crossbow permit).

- Dogs: It is unlawful to hunt with dogs during the spring wild turkey season.
- Electronic Calling Devices: The use of electronic calling devices is legal.

FALL WILD TURKEY HUNTING

Equipment

- Shotgun: A person can use shotgun gauges 10 through 20, using shot sizes 4 through 6 or mixed loads that include shot sizes 4 through 7. A person must possess a valid big game or small game hunting license and a turkey permit.
- Bow & Arrow: A person must possess a valid archery license, and a turkey permit.
- Crossbow: Only hunters 65 years of age and older and those with a crossbow dis-

ability permit may use a crossbow (valid hunting license and turkey permit also required).

- Electronic Calling Devices: The use of electronic calling devices is legal.
- · Dogs: Using dogs are legal to hunt wild turkey is legal during the fall season.

Note: The fall shotgun wild turkey season involves tactics that are different from the "sit and call" approach, and hunters are reminded to use extreme caution while hunting. ■

2017-18 WILD TURKEY SEASONS & BAG LIMITS								
SEASON	DATES	BAG LIMIT						
	Wildlife Management Districts 15-17, 20-25, 28 October 2 - November 7, 2017	2 Wild Turkeys, either sex, any age						
Fall Wild Turkey (bow and arrow or shotgun)	Wildlife Management Districts 10-13, 18-19, 26, 27, and 29 October 2 - November 7, 2017	1 Wild Turkey, either sex, any age*						
	Wildlife Management Districts 1-9, 14	Closed to Hunting						
	Wildlife Management Districts 7, 9-29 April 30-June 2, 2018	2 bearded Wild Turkeys						
	Wildlife Management District 8 April 30-June 2, 2018	1 bearded Wild Turkey*						
Spring Wild Turkey	Wildlife Management Districts 1-6 Season A**, Week 1: April 30-May 5, 2018 and May 14-May 19, 2018	1 bearded Wild Turkey*						
(bow and arrow, crossbow or shotgun)	Wildlife Management Districts 1-6 Season B**, Week 1: May 7 - May 12, 2018 and May 21-May 26, 2018	1 bearded Wild Turkey*						
	Wildlife Management Districts 1-6 All hunters: May 28-June 2, 2018	1 bearded Wild Turkey*						
	Youth Spring Wild Turkey Hunting Day April 28, 2018	May take up to 2 bearded Wild Turkeys from WMD's that have a 2 bird limit.						

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday.

See page 15 for information on the use of crossbows.

 $^{^*}$ May take up to 2 turkeys for the season, but the second turkey MUST come from a WMD listed as having a 2 bird limit.

^{**}During "odd" numbered years hunters with "odd" birth years will be authorized to hunt during Season A; hunters with "even" birth years will be authorized to hunt during Season B. During "even" numbered years, hunters with "even" birth years will be authorized to hunt during season A; hunters with "odd" birth years will be authorized to hunt during Season B.

Other Species Hunting

OTHER SPECIES PERMITS & LICENSES

Pheasant Permit

A Pheasant Permit is required for hunters 16 years of age or older hunting on an adult license, in order to hunt or possess pheasant in Cumberland and York counties. Revenue derived from this permit is dedicated to the acquisition of pheasants which are raised and released by private fish and game clubs.

Coyote Night Hunting Permit

A Coyote Night Hunting Permit (valid January 1 to December 31, and available for \$4*) allows the permit holder to hunt coyote at night (defined as ½ hour after sunset until ½ hour before sunrise) from December 16 to August 31.

Hunters must be in possession of a predator calling device (electronic, hand-held, or mouth-operated).

Dogs may not be used to hunt coyote at night, but artificial lights may.

In addition, the commissioner may appoint agents to hunt for coyotes at night using artificial lights from September 1 to December 15. The commissioner shall make affected members of the public and law enforcement officers aware of any night hunting operation.

*Plus agent fee.

ATTENTION GROUSE **HUNTERS**

The Department is collaborating with the University of Maine on a research project to better understand the population dynamics of ruffed grouse. As part of this research we will be marking ruffed grouse using leg bands and radio collars in a number of areas throughout the state. If you shoot a banded grouse, please report your harvest using the contact information printed on the bird's leg band.

Falconry License

A falconry license, in addition to a regular hunting license, is required of persons who engage in falconry. Copies of the regulations pertaining to this type of hunting are available upon request. To obtain a falconry license, contact MDIFW.

Crows

Crows are neither migratory waterfowl nor migratory game birds. The use of lead shot and shotguns capable of holding more than three shells is permitted. A migratory waterfowl stamp is not required.

2017-18 OTHER SPECIES SEASON AND BAG LIMITS								
SEASON	DATES	BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT					
Pheasant*	October 2 - December 31, 2017	2 4						
Ruffed Grouse (Partridge)	October 2 - December 31, 2017	4 8						
Bobwhite Quail	October 2 - December 31, 2017	4 8						
Crow	Wildlife Management Districts 1–6 August 1 - September 22, 2017 February 3 - April 14, 2018	No Limit						
Crow	Wildlife Management Districts 7–29 August 1 - September 22, 2017 January 20 - March 31, 2018							
Gray Squirrel	October 2 - December 31, 2017	_	_					
Gray Squirrel (Falconry)	October 2, 2017 - February 28, 2018	4 8						
	October 2, 2017 - March 31, 2018							
Snowshoe Hare	Season on Island of Vinalhaven October 2, 2017 - February 28, 2018	4						
Bobcat**	December 1, 2017 - February 21, 2018		No Limit					
Fox	October 15, 2017 - February 28, 2018		No Limit					
Raccoon	October 2 - December 31, 2017		No Limit					
Skunk & Opossum	October 15 - December 31, 2017		No Limit					
Covoto**	During daylight hunting hours January 1 - December 31, 2017		No Limit					
Coyote**	Night hunting (see info to the left) December 16, 2017 - August 31, 2018	No Limit						
Woodchuck, Red Squirrel, & Porcupine	No Closed Season for Hunting		No Limit					
Cottontail Rabbit, Spruce Grouse, Lynx	No Open Season							
477 7								

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday.

See page 15 for information on the use of crossbows.

In York and Cumberland counties, a permit is required to hunt or possess pheasant. Permit is not required! to hunt or possess pheasant throughout the remainder of the State.

^{*}Species must be tagged within 10° days of the close of the season. Bobcat must be tagged within 72 hours

BEAR HUNTING PERMIT

A bear permit is required to hunt bear prior to the firearms season on deer. The fee for this permit is \$27.00* for residents and \$74.00* for nonresidents and aliens. During the firearms season on deer, nonresidents and aliens are required to obtain a permit to hunt bear. The fee for this permit is \$40.00*. To trap for bear, a trapping license and bear trapping permit is required.

*Plus agent fee.

LANDOWNER PRIVILEGES

Qualified landowners may hunt bear on their own land without a big game license, but are required to have a valid bear hunting permit. See page 6 for special landowner privileges.

BAIT

The bait season closes on September 23, 2017. After this date, bait can still be used to assist dog hunters and trappers, but is illegal to shoot a bear over bait.

Hunting with the use of bait is defined as hunting from an observation stand, blind, or other location that overlooks any bait or food, except standing crops and foods that have been left as a result of normal agricultural operations or natural occurrence.

Bear bait means any animal, plant, or derivative thereof, used to attract bear. This does not include packaging or container materials that fall within the definition of litter under Title 17, §2263.

A person may not place any medicinal, poisonous, or stupefying substance to entice any animal, including bear.

Bait may not be placed to entice, hunt or trap black bear unless:

- The bait is placed at least 50 yards from any travel way that is accessible by a conventional 2-wheel or 4-wheel drive vehicle
- The observation stand, blind, or bait area is plainly labeled with a 2 inch by 4 inch tag with the name and address of the baiter
- The bait is placed more than 500 yards from any solid waste disposal site or campground
- The bait is placed more than 500 yards from an occupied dwelling, unless written permission is granted by the owner or tenant

- The bait areas will be cleaned up by November 10 as defined by the State litter law
- The person hunting from another person's stand or blind has the owner's permission.
- The person placing bait on another person's land has the landowner's permission (oral or in writing).
- The bait is placed no sooner than 30 days before opening day of the season and no later than October 31.

*If placing bait on a wildlife management area, you need to secure a permit from MDIFW. To apply for a bear baiting permit, contact the wildlife biologist in your administrative region (see p. 37).

*If placing bait on Public Reserved Land, you need to secure a permit from the Bureau of Parks and Lands (for info, call 207-287-3821).

Baiting of animals is prohibited in State Parks and Historic Sites.

LEGAL HUNTING EOUIPMENT

Bear may be taken by use of rifle, handguns, muzzleloader, shotguns (with slugs only not larger than 10 gauge), bow and arrow (with a minimum draw weight of 35 lbs.) or crossbow (with a minimum draw weight of 100 lbs.).

BEAR HUNTING PROHIBITIONS

A person cannot, within 50 yards of a bait site and without written permission:

- hunt, trap, molest, or harass bear
- release a dog or dogs to hunt bear
- train dogs on bear

It is unlawful to:

- disturb or interfere with a bait site using chemicals or any other method
- use dogs to hunt bear during the open firearm season on deer
- use more than 6 dogs at any one time to hunt for bear
- · kill or wound a bear that is treed or held

- at bay by another person's dog or dogs unless you have permission from the person conducting the hunt
- use a firearm with .17 or .22 caliber rimfire cartridges, or a shotgun with shotloads to hunt bear
- hunt or trap bear, or release dogs for that purpose, within 500 yards of a solid waste disposal site
- hunt bear after having killed and registered two (one by hunting, one by trapping) during the open season of that calendar year

BEAR HUNTING WITH A MAINE GUIDE

- Non-residents must employ, and hunt in the presence of, a resident Maine guide in order to hunt bear with dogs. If the nonresident is a licensed Maine guide, they may hunt bear with dogs themselves, and may guide residents, but cannot guide non-residents.
- The total number of clients with a licensed guide may not exceed five.

LAWS REGARDING REGISTRATION

- Prior to registration, bears may be cut up for ease of transportation, but all parts (except for the viscera and rib cage) must be presented and in such a manner that the sex of the animal can be determined.
- Gift bear must have each part clearly labeled with the name and address of the person who registered the animal and the year in which it was registered.

Note: Hunters are required to remove a premolar tooth from the bear they harvest and provide the tooth at registration (instructions available at the registration and online). Hunters will be notified of the age of the bear they harvested on the Bear Hunting page of the MDIFW website next August.

For more info on buying, selling or bartering animals, see pages 10 & 11. For info on tracking wounded bear, deer or moose with a Leashed Dog Tracking License, see page 27.

2017 BEAR SEASONS & BAG LIMITS

General Hunting Hunting with Dogs Hunting with Bait Trapping Youth Bear Hunting Day August 28 - November 25, 2017 August 28 - November 27, 2017 September 11 - October 27, 2017 August 28 - September 23, 2017 August 26, 2017

DAILY BAG & POSSESSION LIMIT

2 may be taken annually—1 by hunting, 1 by trapping

Bait can be placed starting July 27

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday. See page 15 for information on the use of crossbows. For information on bear trapping, see page 26.

Bear Trapping

BEAR TRAPPING PERMIT

A bear trapping permit and a trapping license is required to set a trap for a bear during the annual bear trapping season (September 1 - October 31). You are allowed to take one bear by trapping and one bear by hunting annually (see page 25). The fee for a bear trapping permit is \$27 for residents and \$67 for non-resident and aliens.

If you trap for black bear, you are required to follow the same general rules regarding the labeling of traps, the tending of traps, and the need to obtain landowner permission.

FEDERAL AID IN WILDLIFE RESTORATION PROGRAM

The Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act of 1937, commonly known as the Pittman-Robertson (PR) Act, established a "User Pay/User Benefit" philosophy for funding state wildlife resource restoration and conservation efforts. These funds have played a vital role in the Maine's wildlife management capabilities since they were first used in 1939.

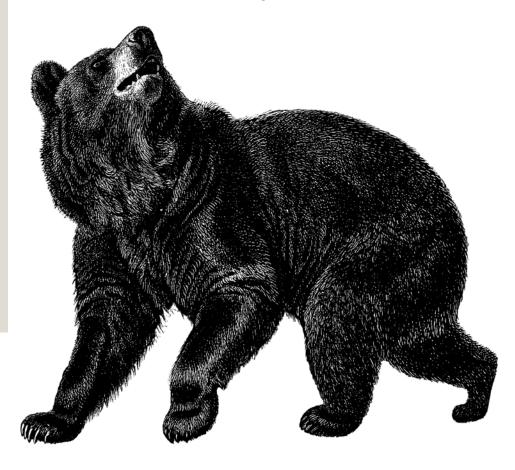
Revenues collected from excise taxes on firearms, ammunition, pistols, revolvers, bows and arrows are deposited in the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Fund, and used to support wildlife population assessments, long-range species management planning, development of management recommendations, implementation of management programs, acquisition and management of wildlife habitat, and hunter education.

If you trap a bear, you are required to follow the same transportation and registration rules as those for bear taken by hunting (see page 27).

You are also required to follow other rules specific to bear trapping, as follows:

- You are not allowed to have more than one trap set for bear at any time.
- The only legal bear traps are cable traps (foot snare) and cage-type live traps.
- The Belisle foot snare is prohibited.
- When using a cable trap, the trap must have a closing diameter of not less than 2½ inches or more.
- Each cable trap must be set at or below ground level in such a manner as to catch the animal only by the foot or leg. All bear traps must be tended at least once a day.

- You are not allowed to catch a bear in a trap and allow another person to kill or register the bear.
- You cannot continue to trap for bear after you have already killed or registered one in a trap.
- Bears caught in traps must be killed or released and not moved away from the catch site. A bear caught in a trap may not be used in conjunction with a hunt or to train a dog for bear hunting.
- The same rules apply to hunting and trapping for bear with the use of bait. (See page 25 for rules about the use of bear baits.)
- You may not trap within 500 yards of a solid waste disposal site. These areas can be identified by a visible line of demarcation. Exception: an agent of the commissioner is exempt for the purpose of live trapping of nuisance bear.
- All trapping licenses are issued from the MDIFW office in Augusta and cannot be purchased online.



Tagging, Transportation & Registration

TAGGING REOUIREMENTS

Prior to presenting a bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey for registration, a person may not possess or leave that animal in the field or forest unless they have securely attached a plainly visible tag to the animal with their name, address, and license number on the

TRANSPORTING HARVESTED ANIMALS

A person may not transport a harvested wild animal or bird that they do not lawfully possess, nor may they present for registration, or allow to be registered in their name, any bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey that they did not lawfully kill.

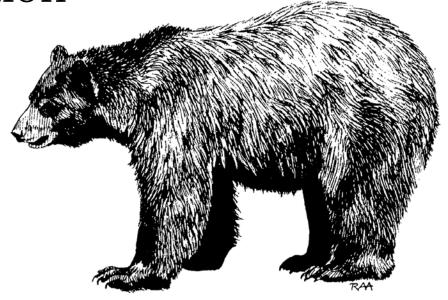
Prior to registration, any harvested bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey in transit must be open to view, meaning that the animal is not concealed and can be readily observed in whole or in part from outside of the vehicle or trailer transporting it.

Once an animal or bird has been registered, it may be transported by another person.

REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

A Person who Kills a Bear, Deer, Moose, or Wild Turkey Must:

- 1. Remain with the animal until it is registered, (with some exceptions - see Time Limits for Registering section).
- 2. Present the animal for registration in that person's name at the first open registration station for that animal on their
- 3. Leave the registration seal attached until the animal is processed and packaged for
- 4. Pay a fee of \$5.00 to register a bear, deer or moose (of which \$2 is retained by the agent and \$1 is dedicated to a Deer Habitat Enhancement Fund) or \$2.00 to register a wild turkey.



HUNTING WITH DOGS AND DOG TRAINING

Dog Training Season

- · From July 1 through the following March 31, dogs may be trained on fox, snowshoe hare, and raccoons. During such training, it is unlawful to use or a shotgun loaded with blank ammunition, except during the applicable open hunting seasons on these species.
- Dogs may be used to hunt wild hares during the firearm season on deer.
- Residents may train up to six dogs on bear from July 1 to August 24, 2017 except in portions of Washington and Hancock counties that are situated south of Route 9.
- Sporting dogs may be trained on wild birds (not including wild turkey) at any time. The commissioner may authorize with a permit the use of firearms during such training to shoot and kill wild birds propagated or legally acquired by the permittee and possessed in accordance with the laws pertaining to breeders, licenses.
- As of August 1, 2017, propagation permits for domesticated fowl are no longer required to possess or use them for dog training purposes.

- · A person may not hunt with a dog in pursuit of bear, coyote or bobcat unless the dog has a collar that legibly provides the name, telephone number and address of the dog's owner.
- possess a firearm, other than a pistol or A person or persons may not use more than six dogs at any one time to hunt bear, bobcat, and coyote.
 - · A person may not use a dog to hunt coyotes or bear during the period from ½ hour after sunset to ½ hour before
 - For more information on hunting bears with dogs, see page 25.

A person with a suspended or revoked license may not train dogs.

Leashed Dog Tracking License

A license is available which allows the tracking of wounded deer, moose, and bear with dogs. The fee for this license is \$25 for one year or \$81 for three years. A person who holds a valid license may charge a fee for dog tracking services without having to hold a guides, license, as long as that is the only service provided. Contact MDIFW for details.

TIME LIMITS FOR REGISTERING

A person may not keep an unregistered bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey at home or any place of storage for more than 18-hours. This does not apply to an animal that is kept in an official registration station for the animal or at the office of a game warden. A person may exceed the 18-hour limit under special circumstances, but that person must still notify a game warden within 18 hours.

A person on a hunting trip in an unorganized township and staying at a temporary place of lodging may keep an unregistered harvested animal at the temporary place of lodging for no more than 7 days or until that person leaves the woods, whichever comes first.

A person may not possess a bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey that has not been legally registered, except as otherwise provided in the statutes regarding nuisance animals or animals causing damage.

Bobcats taken by hunting must be tagged by a MDIFW employee within 72 hours of the time they were taken.

CONDITION OF ANIMAL PRESENTED FOR REGISTRATION

A person must present a bear, deer, moose or wild turkey for registration in its entirety, except that the viscera and rib cage of the animal may be removed in a manner that still allows the determination of the animal's sex.

Moose: A moose may be dismembered for ease of transportation, and the lower legs, head and hide may be removed. If the head of the moose is not brought to the registration station, a canine tooth or the lower jaw must be. Parts of a moose left in the field may not be placed where they are visible to a person traveling on a public or private way.

Bear: Hunters are required to remove a premolar tooth from the bear they harvest and provide the tooth when they register their bear (instructions available at registration and online). Hunters will be notified of the age of the bear they harvested on the Bear Hunting Page of the MDIFW website next August.

POSSESSION OF GIFT BEAR, DEER, MOOSE. OR WILD TURKEY

A person may not accept as a gift any part of a bear, deer, moose, or wild turkey unless that animal, or part thereof, is plainly labeled with the name and address of the person who registered it and the year it was registered.

BIG BUCK CLUB

Maine has a club for deer hunters called "The Biggest Bucks in Maine Club," which is sponsored by:

The Maine Sportsman 183 State Street, Suite 101 Augusta, ME 04330

To qualify, the minimum dressed weight (without heart, lungs, and liver) must be 200 pounds. Application blanks are available from the Department wardens and biologists or by calling the Maine Sportsman at (207) 622-4242.



Hunting Areas

STATE PARKS AND HISTORIC SITES

The Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Bureau of Parks and Lands manages one-half million acres of land in Maine for a mix of activities, including hunting and trapping. The safety of all visitors is the Bureau's primary concern, so certain heavily developed and high-use areas are closed to hunting for all or part of the year. In other areas, the bureau provides as many hunting and trapping opportunities as are reasonable and consistent with its mandates and with visitor safety.

Hunters and trappers are asked to exercise due caution and care for the safety and enjoyment of other visitors when using Bureau lands by obeying posted information and the rules listed below.

General hunting, except where specifically prohibited, is allowed from the day after Labor Day to May 31. Hunting and trapping must conform with State of Maine laws, MDIFW rules, and local ordinances. Trapping on state park or historic site land in organized townships requires the written permission of the Bureau. There is no hunting allowed in the restricted

Wildlife **Management District Map**

This map is available on the front inside cover of this book, in a larger format at all MDIFW offices, and at mefishwildlife.com, where you'll also find individual district maps and can cross-reference district numbers by town.

zone of the Allagash Wilderness Waterway between May 1 and September 30.

- · Hunting is not allowed in any Memorial or Historic Site.
- Hunting is not allowed at Andrews Beach; that portion of Bradbury Mountain State Park west of State Route 9; Cobscook Bay; Crescent Beach and Kettle Cove; Damariscotta Lake; Ferry Beach; Holbook Island Sanctuary; Nickerson Lake; Owls Head Light; that portion of Quoddy Head within 1,000 feet of the lighthouse, or at Reid, Sebago Lake, Shackford Head, Two Lights, and Wolfe's Neck Woods State Parks.
- Work areas and areas with significant public use may be posted and closed to hunting from time to time in the interest of public safety.
- The discharging of any weapons from or within 300 feet of any designated trail, picnic area, camping area, campsite, parking area, building, boat launching site, or other developed area or bridge is prohibited.
- Loaded weapons are not allowed on the treadway of any trail posted "Closed to hunting".
- · The baiting of any animal for the purpose of hunting is not allowed.



For More Information

Please call (207) 287-3821, TTY (207) 287-2213 or write to: Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands 22 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333-0022

PUBLIC RESERVED LANDS

Firearms: Loaded firearms are not permitted in campsites, on marked hiking trails, at boat launching sites, or at picnic sites, and shall not be discharged within 300 feet of such areas.

Bear Hunting: A permit is required from the Maine Bureau of Parks and Lands to place bait on Public Reserved Land for the purpose of hunting bear.

WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS

All MDIFW-owned Wildlife Management Areas (WMA), except Steve Powell WMA (Swan Island) and portions of Steep Falls and Killick Pond WMA, are open for general-law hunting and trapping. A full list of these areas can be found at: mefishwildlife. com. Camping, fires, and permanent observation stands are all prohibited on MDIFW-owned WMAs.

NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES (NWR)

Note: On National Wildlife Refuges that permit hunting of upland game, persons hunting upland species other than deer and turkey with a shotgun shall possess and use only nontoxic shot while in the field.

More restrictive regulations may apply to National Wildlife Refuges open to public hunting. For more info on federal refuge regulations, contact:

- Rachel Carson NWR 321 Port Road, Wells, ME 04090 (207) 646-9226
- Maine Coastal Islands NWR PO Box 279, Milbridge, ME 04658 (207) 594-0600
- Sunkhaze Meadows NWR 103 Headquarters Rd, Baring, ME 04694 (207) 454-7161
- Moosehorn NWR (Baring and Edmunds Units) RR #1, Box 202 Baring, ME 04694 (207) 454-7161
- Lake Umbagog NWR PO Box 240 Errol, NH 03579 (603) 482-3415
- Aroostook NWR 97 Refuge Rd. Limestone, ME 04750 (207) 328-4634

WHITE MOUNTAIN NATIONAL FOREST

Oxford County, Maine

The public land within National Forests is open to hunting. Portable observation stands that do not damage live trees may be used. Please contact the Androscoggin Ranger District for more information on bear baiting on National Forest lands at (603) 466-2713.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

- · Acadia National Park & the Appalachian National Scenic Trail — hunting, trapping, and/ or possessing a weapon is prohibited on land administered by the National Park Service. For further information on these lands contact:
- Acadia National Park PO Box 177, Bar Harbor, ME 04609 (207) 288-3338
- Appalachian Trail Park Office Harpers Ferry Center Harpers Ferry, WV 25425 (304) 535-6270
- Appalachian Trail Conference New England Regional Office PO Box 264, South Egremont, MA 01258 (413) 528-8002

Mount Desert Island (MDI) is located within the geographic boundary of WMD 26.

CLOSED AND SPECIAL REGULATION AREAS

Unity Utilities District: It is unlawful to hunt on the Unity Utilities District Property located on Route #139 and Prairie Road in Unity, Waldo County.

Gray Squirrels: It is unlawful to hunt gray squirrels on any land which is dedicated as a public or private park or on any land located within the limits of the compact or built-up portion of any city or town.

Haley Pond: It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl on Haley Pond in the town of Rangeley and Dallas Plantation, Franklin County.

Wildlife Sanctuaries and Certain Wildlife Management Areas: Unless otherwise specifically provided, it is unlawful to hunt or trap any wild animal or wild bird within the limits of any wildlife sanctuary, any area properly posted by the State of Maine, or within the following described territories:

- · Back Bay Sanctuary, Portland
- Baxter State Park: Closed to all hunting except: The area north of Trout Brook in T6R9; in T6R10 or T2R9 and T2R10 where hunting is allowed.
- Beauchamp Sanctuary: Open to the taking of deer with bow and arrow during any open season that allow hunting of deer, including expanded archery.
- · Cape Elizabeth Sanctuary*
- · Carver's Pond Waterfowl Sanctuary
- · Colby College Area, Waterville
- · Drake's Island Game Sanctuary
- Dry Pond Sanctuary (Crystal Lake)
- Fairfield Sanctuary*
- Glencove Sanctuary
- · Gray Game Sanctuary
- Hog Island Game Sanctuary

- Jefferson & Whitefield Sanctuary
- · Kineo Point Sanctuary
- · Limington, Hollis, Waterboro Sanctuary
- Lowell E. Barnes Area, Oxford County
- Marsh Island Area,* Old Town: Open to the taking of deer with bow and arrow during any open season that allow hunting of deer, including expanded archery.
- Megunticook Lake and Vicinity Sanctuary
- Merrymeeting Bay Game Sanctuary
- · Monroe Island Game Sanctuary
- Moosehead Lake Game Sanctuary
- Moosehorn Game Sanctuary
- Narragansett Game Sanctuary*
- · Oak Grove Area, Vassalboro
- · Ocean Park Game & Bird Sanctuary
- · Orrington Game Sanctuary
- · Pittston Farm Sanctuary
- Prout's Neck, Richmond's Island:
- Rangeley Game Sanctuary
- Rangeley Lake Sanctuary
- · Readfield and Winthrop Sanctuary
- Salmon Pond Sanctuary
- · Sebago Lake Basin Area, Standish, Windham
- · Somerset Game Sanctuary
- Standish Sanctuary
- · Stanwood Wildlife Sanctuary, Ellsworth
- Steve Powell WMA (Swan Island), Richmond
- Thorncrag-Stanton Bird Sanctuary
- · Tomhegan Game Sanctuary
- Wells Sanctuary
- Wells & York Game Sanctuary
- · Willow Water Game Sanctuary
- · Woodbury Sanctuary, Litchfield, Monmouth
- York Game Sanctuary, Franklin County
- *Trapping allowed in accordance with the general laws of the State.

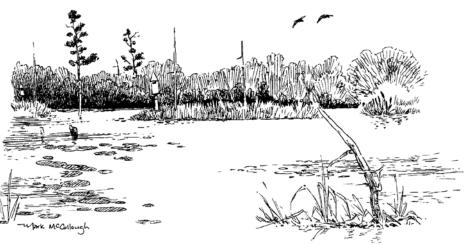


RAILROAD TRACKS

Stay off the Tracks.

A person may not, without right:

- Enter or drive upon a railroad track with a team or a vehicle, however propelled
- Stand or walk on a railroad track or railroad bridge, or pass over a railroad bridge, except by railroad conveyance.



NATIVE AMERICAN TERRITORY

As a result of the Maine Native American Claims Settlement Act of 1980, lands purchased by the Penobscot Native American Nation and the Passamaguoddy Tribe within certain designated areas of the State are classified as Native American territory and have special legal status. The Penobscot Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe, within their respective Native American territories, have exclusive authority to regulate hunting and trapping. At the time of this publication, parcels of Native American territory had been acquired within the following areas:

Penobscot Nation

Franklin County: Alder Stream Twp.

Penobscot County: T2R9 NWP (western portion), T3R9 NWP (eastern portion), T6R8 WELS (western portion) Argyle Township (northern portion) and T3R1 NBPP (northeastern portion).

Piscataguis County: T6R8 NWP. The Penobscot Nation also has exclusive authority to regulate hunting and trapping in the Penobscot Reservation, consisting of all islands in the Penobscot River north of, and including, Indian Island, located near Old Town, Maine. Contact the Penobscot Nation, Department of Natural Resources for specific locations of Reservation islands.

Passamaquoddy Tribe

Franklin County: Lowelltown, T1R8

Hancock County: T3&4ND. Penobscot County: T3R9 NWP, T5R1 NBPP, TAR7 WELS.

Somerset County: Holeb T6R1 NBKP, Prentiss, T4R4 NBKP, Hammond Township, T3R4 NBKP, Alder Brook Township, T3R3 NBKP, Pittston Academy Grant, T2R4 NBKP Soldiertown Township, T2R3 NBKP.

Washington County: T5ND, BPP; T19 MD, Indian Township, and Pleasant Point,

Most of these areas will be conspicuously posted as Native American Territory. Anyone wishing to hunt or trap on Native American territory should contact the appropriate Native American agency for further information.

Penobscot Nation

Department of Natural Resources 12 Wabanaki Way Indian Island, ME 04468 (207) 817-7331

Passamaquoddy Tribe

Ranger Department Box 301, Princeton, ME 04668 (207) 796-2677

Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission PO Box 241, Stillwater, ME 04489 (207) 817-3799

HUNTING/TRAPPING ON PRIVATE PROPERTY

Hunting & Trapping on Private Property

The MDIFW Landowner Relations Program is actively working to enhance relationships between land owners and land users.

With approximately 94% of the land in Maine privately owned, everyone MUST respect landowners and their rights. Landowner wishes have to be followed by all outdoor recreation participants to help ensure access and use of private property in the years to come.

Summarized below are several laws enacted by the Maine Legislature addressing landowners' concerns. For more details, consult the Maine Revised Statutes cited in parenthesis.

Landowner Liability (14 MRSA §159-A) Limited Duty

An owner, lessee, manager, holder of an easement or occupant of premises shall owe no duty of care to keep the premises safe for entry or use by others for recreational or harvesting activities or to give warning of any hazardous condition, use, structure or activity on these premises to persons entering for those purposes. This subsection applies regardless of whether permission has been given to pursue recreational or harvesting activities on the premises.

Exceptions to Limited Duty

- 1. For a willful or malicious failure to guard or warn against a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity; and
- 2. When financial consideration is paid for the exclusive right to make use of the property for recreational activities.

Costs and Fees

The court shall award any direct legal costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, to an owner, lessee, manager, holder of an easement or occupant who is found not to be liable for injury to a person or property pursuant to this section.

Posting of Land and Criminal Trespass (17-A MRSA, §402)

Property is posted if it is marked with signs or paint in one of the following ways and in a manner that is reasonably likely to come to the attention of an intruder:

- 1. Signs must indicate that access is prohibited, that access is prohibited without permission of the landowner or landowner's agent, or that access for a particular activity is prohibited.
- 2. One vertical "OSHA Safety Purple" stripe at least one inch in width and at least 8 inches in length means "Access by Permission Only" when it is placed on trees, posts or stones between three and five feet off the ground. These signs or paint stripes must mark the property at distances no more than 100 feet apart at locations that are readily visible to any person approaching the property, and at all vehicular access entries from a public

In addition, landowners may also, either verbally or in writing, personally communicate to others that access is prohibited. Remember, it is unlawful to remove, mutilate, deface or destroy a sign or paint mark that is placed in order to prohibit or restrict access; and it is unlawful to post the land of another without permission of the landowner.



Other Provisions of Posting

- 1. Signs or paint markings must be at all vehicular access entrances from a public
- 2. It is unlawful to post the land of another or to remove, destroy, mutilate or deface any signs or paint marks.
- 3. Trespass by a motor vehicle is a violation of the trespass law.

Trespass Damages (14 MRSA, §7551-B)

Any person who enters another person's land without permission and causes damage to that person's property is liable to the owner in a civil action. Violations of this law will have the following results:

- 1. If the damage is intentional, the person doing the damage is liable to the owner for two times the actual damage, plus additional costs including attorneys' fees.
- 2. If the damage is unintentional, the person doing the damage is liable to the owner for the amount of the actual damage plus additional including attorneys' fees.
- 3. A person doing damage to property of another may also be charged criminally for doing the damage.

Unlawful Cutting of Trees (14 MRSA, §7552, and 17 MRSA, §2510)

It is unlawful for any person to intentionally, knowingly, recklessly or negligently cut down or fell any tree without the consent of the owner of the property on which the tree stands.

Abuse of Another Persons Property While Hunting (12 MRSA §10652)

It is unlawful to tear down a fence or wall, destroy any crop, leave open any bars or gates, or insert objects into trees on another person's land without permission (see page 15 for observation stand information).

Littering

It is unlawful to dispose of litter anywhere in this state except in areas or receptacles designed for that purpose. As litter relates to the proper disposal of legally taken game, a person may not drop, deposit, discard, dump or otherwise dispose of a carcass, waste parts or remains of a wild animal, except waste parts or remains resulting from the normal field dressing of lawfully harvested wild game or the lawful use of waste parts or remains of wild game as bait.

Civil Trespass (12 MRSA, §10657) Prohibition

While engaging in any activity regulated by the Department of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife, a person, knowing that they are not licensed or privileged to do so, may not:

- 1. Enter, or cause a projectile to enter, any place from which that person may lawfully be excluded and that is posted in accordance with Title 17-A, section 402, subsection 4, in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders, or that is fenced or otherwise enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders; or
- 2. Enter, remain in, or cause a projectile to enter or remain in any place in defiance of a lawful order not to enter or an order to vacate that was personally communicated to that person by the owner of the place or another authorized person.

Definition of projectile: For the purposes of this section, "projectile" means a bullet, pellet, shot, shell, ball, arrow, bolt or other object propelled or launched from a firearm or a bow, crossbow or similar tensile device.

COMMERCIAL SHOOTING AREAS

A person may not charge any fee for access to land if the fee is contingent upon the taking of game on that land or directly related to the taking of game on the land, unless the land is an authorized commercial shooting area whose owner has been licensed by the commissioner to charge others for the opportunity to hunt mallard ducks, pheasants, quail, Chukar partridge, and Hungarian partridge (12 MRSA section 12101).

The operator of a commercial shooting area may authorize a person to hunt other wild birds or wild animals in a commercial shooting area during the regular open season on those species, in accordance with the provisions of 12 MRSA Part 13, as long as the person possesses a valid state hunting license that allows the hunting of those wild birds and animals.

The operator of the commercial shooting area shall provide to each person taking birds in that area a receipted invoice or bill of sale for possession and transportation of those birds.

Enforcement

Enforcement of the trespass laws of a commercial shooting area is the responsibility of the owner and may not in any manner be considered an MDIFW obligation.

Commercial Shooting Areas

For a complete copy of the law governing commercial shooting areas, and to obtain a list of commercial shooting areas, call MDIFW at (207) 287-8000. ■

This time chart is NOT the sunrise and sunset time table and has already been adjusted to display the actual legal hunting hours. Note: This table is not to be used for migratory birds, see page 40.

201	7-18 LEGAL	HUNTING I	HOURS									
DAY	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST
01	5:28 - 7:42	6:03 - 6:45	6:44 - 5:53	6:23 - 4:26	6:43 - 4:35	6:24 - 5:14	5:43 - 5:53	5:46 - 7:33	4:55 - 8:10	4:22 - 8:44	4:23 - 8:55	4:51 - 8:31
02	5:29 - 7:40	6:05 - 6:43	6:45 - 5:52	6:24 - 4:25	6:43 - 4:36	6:23 - 5:15	5:41 - 5:54	5:44 - 7:34	4:53 - 8:12	4:22 - 8:45	4:24 - 8:55	4:52 - 8:30
03	5:30 - 7:38	6:06 - 6:42	6:46 - 5:51	6:25 - 4:25	6:43 - 4:37	6:22 - 5:16	5:39 - 5:55	5:42 - 7:35	4:52 - 8:13	4:21 - 8:46	4:24 - 8:54	4:53 - 8:29
04	5:31 - 7:36	6:07 - 6:40	6:48 - 5:49	6:26 - 4:25	6:43 - 4:38	6:21 - 5:18	5:38 - 5:57	5:40 - 7:37	4:51 - 8:14	4:21 - 8:46	4:25 - 8:54	4:54 - 8:27
05	5:32 - 7:34	6:08 - 6:38	5:49 - 4:48	6:27 - 4:25	6:43 - 4:39	6:20 - 5:19	5:36 - 5:58	5:39 - 7:38	4:49 - 8:15	4:21 - 8:47	4:26 - 8:54	4:56 - 8:26
06	5:34 - 7:32	6:10 - 6:36	5:50 - 4:47	6:28 - 4:24	6:42 - 4:40	6:18 - 5:21	5:34 - 5:59	5:37 - 7:39	4:48 - 8:16	4:20 - 8:48	4:26 - 8:53	4:57 - 8:25
07	5:35 - 7:31	6:11 - 6:34	5:52 - 4:45	6:29 - 4:24	6:42 - 4:41	6:17 - 5:22	5:32 - 6:01	5:35 - 7:40	4:47 - 8:18	4:20 - 8:49	4:27 - 8:53	4:58 - 8:23
08	5:36 - 7:29	6:12 - 6:32	5:53 - 4:44	6:30 - 4:24	6:42 - 4:42	6:16 - 5:24	5:30 - 6:02	5:33 - 7:42	4:45 - 8:19	4:20 - 8:49	4:28 - 8:52	4:59 - 8:22
09	5:37 - 7:27	6:13 - 6:31	5:55 - 4:43	6:31 - 4:24	6:42 - 4:43	6:14 - 5:25	5:29 - 6:03	5:31 - 7:43	4:44 - 8:20	4:19 - 8:50	4:28 - 8:52	5:00 - 8:20
10	5:38 - 7:25	6:15 - 6:29	5:56 - 4:42	6:32 - 4:24	6:41 - 4:44	6:13 - 5:26	5:27 - 6:05	5:30 - 7:44	4:43 - 8:21	4:19 - 8:50	4:29 - 8:51	5:01 - 8:19
11	5:39 - 7:23	6:16 - 6:27	5:57 - 4:41	6:33 - 4:24	6:41 - 4:46	6:12 - 5:28	6:25 - 7:06	5:28 - 7:45	4:41 - 8:22	4:19 - 8:51	4:30 - 8:51	5:03 - 8:17
12	5:41 - 7:21	6:17 - 6:25	5:59 - 4:40	6:34 - 4:24	6:41 - 4:47	6:10 - 5:29	6:23 - 7:07	5:26 - 7:47	4:40 - 8:24	4:19 - 8:52	4:31 - 8:50	5:04 - 8:16
13	5:42 - 7:19	6:18 - 6:24	6:00 - 4:39	6:34 - 4:24	6:40 - 4:48	6:09 - 5:31	6:21 - 7:09	5:24 - 7:48	4:39 - 8:25	4:19 - 8:52	4:32 - 8:50	5:05 - 8:14
14	5:43 - 7:17	6:20 - 6:22	6:01 - 4:38	6:35 - 4:25	6:40 - 4:49	6:07 - 5:32	6:19 - 7:10	5:23 - 7:49	4:38 - 8:26	4:19 - 8:53	4:33 - 8:49	5:06 - 8:13
15	5:44 - 7:15	6:21 - 6:20	6:03 - 4:37	6:36 - 4:25	6:39 - 4:50	6:06 - 5:33	6:18 - 7:11	5:21 - 7:50	4:37 - 8:27	4:19 - 8:53	4:33 - 8:48	5:07 - 8:11
16	5:45 - 7:14	6:22 - 6:18	6:04 - 4:36	6:37 - 4:25	6:39 - 4:52	6:04 - 5:35	6:16 - 7:13	5:19 - 7:52	4:36 - 8:28	4:19 - 8:53	4:34 - 8:48	5:09 - 8:10
17	5:47 - 7:12	6:24 - 6:17	6:05 - 4:35	6:37 - 4:25	6:38 - 4:53	6:03 - 5:36	6:14 - 7:14	5:17 - 7:53	4:35 - 8:29	4:19 - 8:54	4:35 - 8:47	5:10 - 8:08
18	5:48 - 7:10	6:25 - 6:15	6:07 - 4:34	6:38 - 4:26	6:37 - 4:54	6:01 - 5:38	6:12 - 7:15	5:16 - 7:54	4:34 - 8:30	4:19 - 8:54	4:36 - 8:46	5:11 - 8:06
19	5:49 - 7:08	6:26 - 6:13	6:08 - 4:33	6:39 - 4:26	6:37 - 4:56	5:59 - 5:39	6:10 - 7:16	5:14 - 7:55	4:32 - 8:31	4:19 - 8:54	4:37 - 8:45	5:12 - 8:05
20	5:50 - 7:06	6:28 - 6:12	6:09 - 4:32	6:39 - 4:27	6:36 - 4:57	5:58 - 5:40	6:08 - 7:18	5:12 - 7:57	4:32 - 8:33	4:19 - 8:55	4:38 - 8:44	5:13 - 8:03
21	5:51 - 7:04	6:29 - 6:10	6:11 - 4:31	6:40 - 4:27	6:35 - 4:58	5:56 - 5:42	6:06 - 7:19	5:11 - 7:58	4:31 - 8:34	4:19 - 8:55	4:39 - 8:43	5:14 - 8:01
22	5:53 - 7:02	6:30 - 6:08	6:12 - 4:31	6:40 - 4:28	6:34 - 5:00	5:55 - 5:43	6:05 - 7:20	5:09 - 7:59	4:30 - 8:35	4:19 - 8:55	4:40 - 8:42	5:16 - 8:00
23	5:54 - 7:00	6:31 - 6:07	6:13 - 4:30	6:41 - 4:28	6:34 - 5:01	5:53 - 5:45	6:03 - 7:21	5:07 - 8:00	4:29 - 8:36	4:20 - 8:55	4:41 - 8:41	5:17 - 7:58
24	5:55 - 6:58	6:33 - 6:05	6:14 - 4:29	6:41 - 4:29	6:33 - 5:02	5:51 - 5:46	6:01 - 7:23	5:06 - 8:02	4:28 - 8:37	4:20 - 8:55	4:42 - 8:40	5:18 - 7:56
25	5:56 - 6:56	6:34 - 6:04	6:16 - 4:29	6:41 - 4:29	6:32 - 5:04	5:50 - 5:47	5:59 - 7:24	5:04 - 8:03	4:27 - 8:38	4:20 - 8:55	4:43 - 8:39	5:19 - 7:54
26	5:57 - 6:55	6:35 - 6:02	6:17 - 4:28	6:42 - 4:30	6:31 - 5:05	5:48 - 5:49	5:57 - 7:25	5:03 - 8:04	4:26 - 8:39	4:21 - 8:55	4:44 - 8:38	5:20 - 7:53
27	5:59 - 6:53	6:37 - 6:01	6:18 - 4:27	6:42 - 4:31	6:30 - 5:07	5:46 - 5:50	5:55 - 7:27	5:01 - 8:05	4:26 - 8:40	4:21 - 8:55	4:46 - 8:37	5:22 - 7:51
28	6:00 - 6:51	6:38 - 5:59	6:19 - 4:27	6:42 - 4:32	6:29 - 5:08	5:45 - 5:51	5:53 - 7:28	4:59 - 8:07	4:25 - 8:41	4:22 - 8:55	4:47 - 8:36	5:23 - 7:49
29	6:01 - 6:49	6:40 - 5:58	6:21 - 4:26	6:42 - 4:32	6:28 - 5:09		5:52 - 7:29	4:58 - 8:08	4:24 - 8:41	4:22 - 8:55	4:48 - 8:35	5:24 - 7:47
30	6:02 - 6:47	6:41 - 5:56	6:22 - 4:26	6:43 - 4:33	6:27 - 5:11		5:50 - 7:30	4:56 - 8:09	4:24 - 8:42	4:23 - 8:55	4:49 - 8:34	5:25 - 7:46
31		6:42 - 5:55		6:43 - 4:34	6:26 - 5:12		5:48 - 7:32		4:23 - 8:43		4:50 - 8:32	5:26 - 7:44

^{*}Legal hunting hours are based on sunrise/sunset in Bangor, Maine (Eastern Standard Time). Exceptions: Raccoon, Coyote, and Migratory Bird hunting (see separate legal hunting hours for these species).

Migratory Game Birds

For the purpose of this section, migratory game birds include and are limited to species in the following families: 1. Anatidae (wild ducks, geese, and brant); 2. Rallidae (rails, coots, moorhens and gallinules); and 3. Scolopacidae (woodcock and snipe). Except as expressly provided in the regulations, it is unlawful to hunt, capture, kill, take, possess, transport, buy or sell any migratory game bird or part thereof. In accordance with the Revised Statutes of 1964, Title 12, Sections 10104 and 11855, the following regulations have been adopted, governing the lawful hunting and possession of migratory game birds.

1. Hunting Methods

Aids and Equipment: It is lawful to hunt migratory game birds with dogs, artificial decoys, manually or mouth-operated bird calls, hand-held bow and arrow, crossbow, the practice of falconry, or with a shotgun not larger than No.10 gauge and incapable of holding more than three shells, fired from the shoulder. Every other method is unlawful.

Watercraft: It is lawful to hunt migratory game birds from floating craft (except a sinkbox), including those capable of being propelled by motor, sail and wind, or both, only when (1) the motor has been completely shut off and/or the sails furled, as the case may be, and (2) the progress or motion of the craft in the water has ceased and the craft is drifting, beached, moored, resting at anchor, or is being propelled solely by paddle, oars, or pole. It is lawful to use a motor or sail on a craft as a means of retrieving or picking up dead or injured birds.

2. Transportation

Any person, without a permit, may transport lawfully killed and possessed migratory game birds into, within, or out of any State, or export such birds to a foreign country during and after the open seasons in the State where taken, subject to the conditions and restrictions:

Identifiable Condition: If such birds are dressed, one fully-feathered wing must remain attached to each bird so as to permit species identification while being transported between the place where taken and the personal abode of the possessor or a commercial preservation facility.

Properly Marked Package: The package or container in which such birds are transported shall have the name and address of

both the shipper and the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers and kinds of birds contained therein clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof.

3. Possession for the Purpose of Processing, Transportation, or Storage Tagging Requirement: A hunter who legally takes and possesses migratory game birds and wishes to place or leave any such birds in the custody of any other person for picking, cleaning, processing, shipping, transportation, or storage (including temporary storage) must sign and attach a tag to the birds stating the hunter's address, the total number and kinds of birds, and the date such birds were killed. No person may receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are tagged as provided above.

Untagged Birds: If birds are not tagged as provided above, the only legal place of storage is the personal abode of the hunter who legally took and possesses the birds.

Vehicles: Legally possessed migratory game birds being transported in any vehicle as the personal baggage of the possessor are not deemed to be in storage or temporary storage.

Record Keeping: Any commercial picking establishment or cold-storage or locker plant receiving, possessing, or having in custody any migratory game birds must maintain accurate records showing the numbers and kinds of such birds, the dates received and disposed of, and the names and addresses of the persons from whom such birds were received and to whom they were delivered. These records shall be retained for a period of 1 year from the close of the open season on migratory game birds in the state where the picking establishment or cold-storage or locker plant is located.

4. Termination of Possession

For the purposes of this part, the possession of birds legally taken and properly tagged by any hunter shall be deemed to have ceased when such birds have been delivered by the hunter to a person other than the hunter:

- 1. as a gift
- 2. to a post office
- 3. to a common carrier
- 4. to a commercial cold-storage or locker

plant for subsequent transportation by the postal service or a common carrier to someone other than the hunter

5. Wounded Live Migratory Game Birds
Every migratory game bird wounded by
hunting and reduced to possession by the
hunter shall be immediately killed and
become a part of the daily bag limit.

6. Possession of Plumage

Any person, without a permit, may possess and transport for his own use the plumage and skins of lawfully taken migratory game birds.

7. Wanton Waste of Migratory Game Birds

No person shall kill or cripple any migratory game bird pursuant to this regulation without any visible means to retrieve and without making a reasonable effort to retrieve the bird and include it in his daily bag limit.

The shooting of crippled waterfowl from a motorboat under power is permitted on those coastal waters and all waters of rivers and streams lying seaward from the first upstream bridge.

Additionally, Maine state law states that a person may not waste a wild bird that has been wounded or killed by that person while hunting, or intentionally leave any wounded or killed animal in the field or forest without making a reasonable effort to retrieve and render it for consumption or use

8. Open Seasons, Limits, and Other Provisions

Migratory game birds may be taken only in accordance with open seasons, legal shooting hours, and daily bag and possession limits.

Bag Limit: No person may take in any one day more than the daily bag limit or aggregate daily bag limit, whichever applies.

Possession Limit: No person may possess more birds lawfully taken than the possession limit or the aggregate possession limit, whichever applies.

Opening Day: No person on the opening day of the season may possess any migratory game birds in excess of the daily bag limit or aggregate daily bag limit, whichever applies.

Closed Season: No person may possess any freshly killed migratory game birds during the closed season.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

NOTICE: The material below is only a summary of Federal rules. Each hunter should also consult the actual Federal regulations, which may be found in Title 50, code of Federal Regulations, Part 20.

RESTRICTIONS. No person shall take migratory game birds:

- A. While possessing shot (either in shot shells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than steel shot or such shot approved as nontoxic while taking Anatidae (ducks, geese, and brant), coots and any species that make up aggregate bag limits during concurrent seasons.
- B. With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10-guage, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fishhook, poison, drug, explosive, or stupefying substance.
- C. With a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler that cannot be removed without disassembling the gun.
- D. From a sink box (a low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water).
- E. From or with the aid or use of a car or other motor-driven land conveyance, or any aircraft, except that paraplegics and single or double amputees of the legs may take from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance. "Paraplegic" means an

- individual afflicted with paralysis of the lower half of the body with involvement of both legs, usually due to disease of or injury to the spinal cord.
- F. By the use or aid of live decoys. All live, tame or captive ducks and geese shall be removed for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to hunting, and confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such tame birds from the sight of migratory waterfowl.
- G. Using records or tapes of migratory bird calls or sounds, or electrically amplified imitations of bird calls.
- H.By means or aid of any motor driven land, water, or air conveyance, or any sailboat used for the purpose of or resulting in the concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up of any migratory bird.
- I. By the aid of baiting or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. However, nothing in this paragraph prohibits the taking of migratory game birds on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas: a) standing crops or flooded standing crops; standing, flooded, or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as a result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal

soil stabilization practice; b) from a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation; c) from a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed.

J. A person must also retain the bird in his actual custody, at the place where taken or between that place and either (a) his automobile or principle means of land transportation; or (b) his personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging.

PHONE NUMBERS YOU MIGHT NEED

Game Warden Headquarters

(207)	435-3231
(207)	657-2345
(207)	695-3756
(207)	941-4470
(207)	547-5300
	(207) (207) (207)

If you are unable to locate a warden at one of the above headquarters, contact either the MDIFW headquarters in Augusta at (207) 287-2766 or the nearest State Police Barracks.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

E. Orland(207) 469-6842

Maine Migratory Hunting Zones Map

- Wildlife Management Districts
- South/Coastal Zone line (Route 1)

North/South Zone Line Segments

- Stony Brook to Rte 9
- Rte 9 to Rte 15
- Rte 15 to I-95
- I-95 to Rte 202
- Rte 202 to Rte 11
- Rte 11 to Rte 110
- Rte 110 to Maine-New Hampshire Border

14 18 19 17 13 26 23 16 22 15 20

HELP STOP THE SPREAD OF INVASIVE PLANTS!

Clean your boat trailer and gear of all plants and plant fragments.

Coastal Zone

Brant

December 26, 2017

October 14, 2017

January 4, 2018

November 1, 2017

November 10, 2017

October 2, 2017

All dates are inclusive except that hunting is prohibited on Sunday.

^{*}Crows are neither migratory waterfowl or migratory game birds. The use of lead shot and the use of a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells is permitted. A migratory waterfowl stamp is not required. Use of electronic calls is permitted.

^{**}Woodcock & Snipe are considered migratory game birds, not migratory waterfowl. The use of lead shot is permitted. The use of a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells is prohibited. A migratory waterfowl stamp is not required.

^{***}Rails are considered migratory game birds not migratory waterfowl. The use of lead shot and a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells is prohibited. A migratory waterfowl stamp is not required.

2017-18 MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS SEAS	SUNS & DAG LIMIT	ა				
SPECIES AND AREA		SEA	SEASONS			
		FIRST DAY	LAST DAY	DAILY BAG	POSSESSION	
	North Zone	December 22, 2017 February 12, 2018				
Special Falconry Season	Closed to Goose	February 1, 2018	February 12, 2018	3	9	
In addition to the regular migratory bird season (on Ducks, Geese, Mergansers,	South Zone	January 8, 2018 February 28, 2018		Respectively, singly or in aggregate Species Restrictions Apply		
American Coots.)	Closed to Goose	February 17, 2018 February 28, 2018				
	Coastal Zone	January 8, 2018 February 28, 2018				
Special Youth Waterfowl Hunts All duck species except Harlequins, Barrow's	North Zone	September 16, 2017 & December 9, 2017				
Goldeneye, and Moorhens and Gallinules – may be hunted on these days, including geese. For the October 21, November 4, December 9	South Zone	September 23, 2017	Special regulations apply to youth and accompanying adult. Please see Junior Hunters section.			
youth days, the goose limit is under the Regular Season limit. On September 16, September 23, October 21, November 4, December 9, scoters, eiders, and long-tailed ducks may be taken as part of the 6 bird daily limit on regular ducks. Also on these dates, 2 Black Ducks may be taken.	Coastal Zone	September 23, 2017				

EXCEPTIONS

Harlequin Ducks, Barrow's Goldeneye, Moorhens & Gallinules	Closed Season
American Coots	It is unlawful to take more than 5 American Coots in any one day or possess more than 15 at any time
Northern Pintails, Mottled Ducks, Fulvous Whistling Ducks	The daily limit on these species is 1 bird; possession limit is 3.
Hen Mallards, Redheads, Black Ducks, Scaup, Canvasbacks	The daily limit on these species is 2 birds; possession limit is 6.
Mergansers	Hunters may take five mergansers in addition to the limits on other regular ducks (not in aggregate); however, only 2 may be hooded mergansers. It is unlawful to possess more than 15 mergansers at any time (only 6 of which may be hooded mergansers).
Sea Ducks	Within the Sea Duck Hunting Area defined below, hunters may take 5 sea ducks in addition to the limits on regular ducks (but not more than 4 scoters or 4 eiders or 4 long-tailed ducks).
Wood Ducks	It is unlawful to take more than 3 wood ducks in one day or to possess more than 9 wood ducks at any time.

Hunting Hours: Hunting hours on migratory game birds are from ½ hour before sunrise to sunset (see chart on opposite page).

Sea Duck Hunting Area Defined: All coastal waters and all waters of rivers and streams seaward from the first upstream bridge. In all other areas, sea ducks may be taken only during the regular duck season dates and are part of the regular duck bag limits

Definition of North and South Zone

Line: Maine-New Brunswick border in Baileyville, Maine west along Stony Brook to Route 9 in Baileyville. West along Route 9 to Route 15 in Bangor. West along Route 15 to I-95 in Bangor. Southwest along I-95 to Route 202 (Exit 109A) in Augusta. Southwest along Route 202 to Route 11 in Auburn. Southwest along Route 11 to Route 110 in Newfield. West along Route 110 to Maine-New Hampshire border.

Definition of Coastal Zone Line: Includes areas south of a line beginning at the Maine-New Brunswick border in Calais at the Route 1 bridge, South along Route 1 to the Maine-New Hampshire border in

Nontoxic Shot - Statewide: The use or possession of ammunition loaded with other than nontoxic shot while hunting wild ducks, geese, brant, rails, or coots is prohibited. Nontoxic shot means any shot type that does not cause sickness and death when ingested by these birds and is approved for use by the Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Steel, bismuth-tin, tungsten-iron (2 types), tungsten-matrix, tungsten-bronze (2 types), tungsten-polymer, tungsten-tin-bismuth, tungstentin-iron-nickel, and tungsten nickel-iron (HEVI) shot have been approved nontoxic by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

On National Wildlife Refuges that permit hunting of upland game, persons hunting upland species other than deer and turkey with a shotgun shall possess and use only nontoxic shot while in the field.

STAMP REQUIREMENTS

The State Migratory Waterfowl Permit is required of anyone 16 years of age or older if they are hunting on an adult license, but is not required if continuing to hunt on a junior license for the remainder of the calendar year. Anyone who turns 16, whether hunting on an adult license or a junior license, must purchase a Federal Stamp and validate it with the holder's signature written across the face of the stamp in ink.

The state permit may be purchased for \$7.50 from local license agents or from the MDIFW office in Augusta. The Federal stamp can be purchased by visiting your local post office or USPS.com.

The Migratory Waterfowl Stamp is not required to hunt woodcock, snipe, rails or crows.

Note: All revenue from the sale of state waterfowl permits used exclusively for acquisition of waterfowl habitat and waterfowl management activities.

SELECTED SECTIONS OF MAINE INLAND FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE LAWS

The provisions of the following three paragraphs apply to the waters of the Kennebec River, known as Merrymeeting Bay, bounded as follows: From the high tension wires at Chop's Point to the first dam on the Androscoggin River, to the first road bridge on the Muddy, Cathance, Abbagadassett, and Eastern rivers and the Richmond-Dresden bridge on the Kennebec River, being in the counties of Cumberland, Sagadahoc, and Lincoln. Datum is WGS 84. Waypoints for the sanctuary are as follows:

SE Corner:

44 00.385' 43 59.5314' 69 49.1854' 69 49.5330' SW Corner: **NW Corner:** 43 59.8112' 44 00.1483' 69 50.4763' 69 50.6447' Edge of Rice: **Browns Point:** 43 59.7550' 44 00.1486 Kennebec River: **Power Lines:** 69 50.0391' 69 49.5421'

NE Corner:

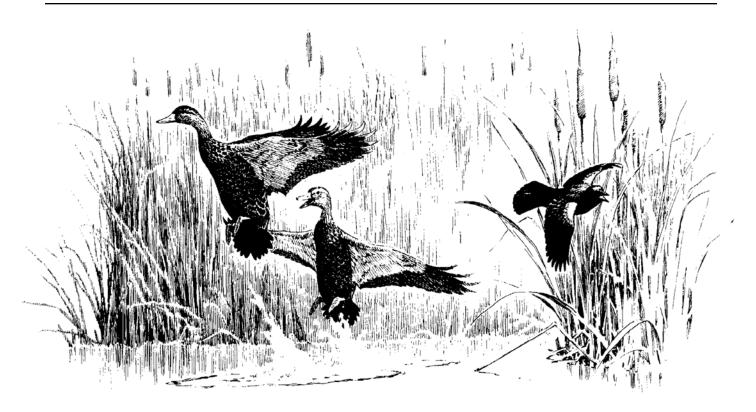
DUCK STAMP ART CONTEST

Your 2017 Maine duck stamp, featuring a Common Eider, was designed by Rebekah Lowell of Biddeford, Maine. It was selected by a panel of judges from among 13 paintings by Maine resident artists in the 2017 duck stamp art contest conducted by the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife. Proceeds from the sale of the annual duck stamps and permits are used to help finance waterfowl management programs or to acquire waterfowl habitat.

HARVEST INFORMATION PROGRAM

If you plan to hunt woodcock, ducks, geese, snipe, rails, or coots, you are required to indicate on your license your intention of doing so at the time you purchase your license. The information will be used by the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service in the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (H.I.P).

- No artificial cover which is termed stationary blind, or parts thereof, used for hunting purposes shall be left or allowed to remain in the waters of Merrymeeting Bay between one hour after legal shooting time and one hour before legal shooting time.
- · No duck decoys shall be allowed to remain in the waters of Merrymeeting Bay at any time during the period from one hour after legal shooting time until one hour before legal shooting time.
- · It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl on Haley Pond in the Town of Rangeley and Dallas Plt. in Franklin County.
- · No power boat may be operated in Merrymeeting Bay at a speed in excess of 10 miles per hour except within the confines of the buoyed channels.
- · It is unlawful to shoot, or shoot at, or near, any wildfowl decoy of another person, with a rifle, pistol, or shotgun with a ball, slug, or buckshot. "Near" means the area encompassed by the set of decoys and including the area 50 yards away from the outer perimeter of the set of decoys.
- · It is unlawful to hunt with firearms during the open firearms or muzzleloader season on deer (except when hunting waterfowl from a boat or blind or in conjunction with waterfowl decoys) unless wearing two articles of hunter orange clothing that are in good and serviceable condition and visible from all sides. One article must be a solid colored hunter orange hat and the other must be a minimum of 50% hunter orange in color and cover a major portion of the torso.
- It is unlawful for any person to willfully interfere with the lawful hunting or trapping of any wild animal or wild bird, including the willful disturbance of wild animals or wild birds with intent to interfere with their lawful taking.
- · It is unlawful to hunt on Sunday.

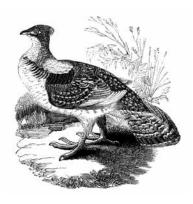


FIELD POSSESSION LIMIT

No person shall possess more than one daily bag limit while in the field or while returning from the field to one's car, hunting camp, home, etc.

IMPORTATION

For information regarding the importation of migratory birds killed in another country, hunters should consult 50 CFR 20.61 through 20.66. One fully-feathered wing must remain attached to all migratory game birds being transported between the port of entry and one's home or to a migratory bird preservation facility. No person shall import migratory game birds killed in any foreign country, except Canada, unless such birds are dressed (except as required in 20.63), drawn, and the head and feet are removed. No person shall import migratory game birds belonging to another person.



Dual Violation

A violation of State migratory bird regulations is also a violation of Federal regulations.

Caution

More restrictive regulations may apply to National Wildlife Refuges open to public hunting. For additional information on Federal refuge regulations, see contact information on page 29. ■

HELP STOP WILDLIFE VIOLATIONS

Dial Operation Game Thief 1-800-ALERT US (253-7887)

BAND RECOVERY REPORTS

Anyone finding a band or recovering one while hunting should log onto:

reportband.gov or call 1-800-327-BAND(2263)

Results will provide better estimates of survival and harvest rates and will reduce high costs associated with banding studies.

BARROW'S GOLDENEYE

The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife wishes to continue the lawful hunting of Common Goldeneyes while ensuring adequate protection of the Barrow's Goldeneye, a Threatened Species under the Maine Endangered Species Act.

Barrow's and Common Goldeneyes look very similar. Our goal is to reduce the unintentional take of Barrow's in Maine by improving duck hunters' abilities to distinguish them from Common Goldeneyes.

Barrow's are known to congregate in certain areas.

Despite our efforts, we suspect that a few Barrow's Goldeneyes may be unintentionally shot. In these cases, hunters are required to report to your local game warden, and surrender to MDIFW, any that are taken during legal waterfowl hunting activities. There is no penalty for reporting this.

Please see legal hunting time table for all other species on page 33.

	LEGAL HUN	TING HOURS	TII)E*		LEGAL HUNT	TING HOURS	TII	DE*
DATE	OPEN	CLOSE	HIGH	LOW	DATE	OPEN	CLOSE	HIGH	LOW
9/1/17	05:28 AM	07:12 PM	08:19 AM	02:14 PM	11/17/17	06:05 AM	04:05 PM	10:08 AM	04:26 PM
9/2/17	05:29 AM	07:10 PM	09:11 AM	03:05 PM	11/18/17	06:07 AM	04:04 PM	10:46 AM	05:06 PM
9/4/17	05:31 AM	07:06 PM	10:38 AM	04:33 PM	11/20/17	06:09 AM	04:02 PM	11:57 AM	05:48 AN
9/5/17	05:32 AM	07:04 PM	11:17 AM	05:05 AM	11/21/17	06:11 AM	04:01 PM	12:33 PM	06:24 AN
9/6/17	05:34 AM	07:02 PM	11:53 AM	05:42 AM	11/22/17	06:12 AM	04:01 PM	01:11 PM	07:02 AN
9/7/17	05:35 AM	07:01 PM	12:31 PM	06:19 AM	11/23/17	06:13 AM	04:00 PM	01:52 PM	07:42 AN
9/8/17	05:36 AM	06:59 PM	01:10 PM	06:58 AM	11/24/17	06:14 AM	03:59 PM	02:36 PM	08:26 AM
9/9/17	05:37 AM	06:57 PM	01:51 PM	07:39 AM	11/25/17	06:16 AM	03:59 PM	03:25 PM	09:14 AM
9/11/17	05:39 AM	06:53 PM	03:26 PM	09:11 AM	11/27/17	06:18 AM	03:57 PM	05:00 AM	11:03 AN
9/12/17	05:41 AM	06:51 PM	04:21 PM	10:04 AM	11/28/17	06:19 AM	03:57 PM	05:52 AM	12:00 PN
9/13/17	05:42 AM	06:49 PM	05:00 AM	11:03 AM	11/29/17	06:21 AM	03:56 PM	06:44 AM	12:57 PN
9/14/17	05:43 AM	06:47 PM	06:06 AM	12:07 PM	11/30/17	06:22 AM	03:56 PM	07:35 AM	01:52 PN
9/15/17	05:44 AM	06:45 PM	07:15 AM	01:15 PM	12/1/17	06:23 AM	03:56 PM	08:24 AM	02:45 PN
9/16/17	05:45 AM	06:44 PM	08:22 AM	02:22 PM	12/2/17	06:24 AM	03:55 PM	09:14 AM	03:36 PN
9/18/17	05:48 AM	06:40 PM	10:18 AM	04:21 PM	12/4/17	06:26 AM	03:55 PM	10:53 AM	05:18 PN
9/19/17	05:49 AM 05:50 AM	06:38 PM 06:36 PM	11:08 AM	05:12 PM	12/5/17	06:27 AM 06:28 AM	03:55 PM	11:45 AM	05:30 AN 06:24 AN
9/20/17	05:51 AM	06:34 PM	11:54 AM 12:37 PM	05:41 AM 06:24 AM	12/6/17 12/7/17	06:29 AM	03:54 PM 03:54 PM	12:38 PM 01:35 PM	07:20 AN
9/21/17 9/22/17	05:51 AM	06:34 PM	01:18 PM	07:06 AM	12/7/17	06:29 AM 06:30 AM	03:54 PM	02:35 PM	07:20 AN
9/23/17	05:54 AM	06:30 PM	01:18 PM 01:58 PM	07:47 AM	12/9/17	06:31 AM	03:54 PM	03:38 PM	09:23 AN
9/25/17	05:56 AM	06:26 PM	03:22 PM	09:10 AM	12/9/17	06:33 AM	03:54 PM	05:27 AM	11:37 AN
9/26/17	05:57 AM	06:25 PM	04:08 PM	09:55 AM	12/12/17	06:34 AM	03:54 PM	06:28 AM	12:42 PM
9/27/17	05:59 AM	06:23 PM	04:58 PM	10:44 AM	12/13/17	06:34 AM	03:54 PM	07:25 AM	01:42 PN
9/28/17	06:00 AM	06:21 PM	05:41 AM	11:38 AM	12/14/17	06:35 AM	03:55 PM	08:16 AM	02:36 PN
9/29/17	06:01 AM	06:19 PM	06:39 AM	12:35 PM	12/15/17	06:36 AM	03:55 PM	09:03 AM	03:24 PN
9/30/17	06:02 AM	06:17 PM	07:35 AM	01:32 PM	12/16/17	06:37 AM	03:55 PM	09:45 AM	04:07 PN
10/2/17	06:05 AM	06:13 PM	09:15 AM	03:15 PM	12/18/17	06:38 AM	03:56 PM	10:59 AM	05:23 PN
10/3/17	06:06 AM	06:12 PM	09:58 AM	04:00 PM	12/19/17	06:39 AM	03:56 PM	11:34 AM	05:24 AN
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10/11/17	06:16 AM	05:57 PM	04:04 PM	09:48 AM	12/27/17	06:42 AM	04:01 PM	05:07 AM	11:21 AN
10/12/17	06:17 AM	05:55 PM	05:08 PM	10:51 AM	12/28/17	06:42 AM	04:02 PM	06:02 AM	12:22 PN
10/13/17	06:18 AM	05:54 PM	05:58 AM	11:59 AM	12/29/17	06:42 AM	04:02 PM	06:58 AM	01:22 PN
10/14/17	06:20 AM	05:52 PM	07:07 AM	01:09 PM	12/30/17	06:43 AM	04:03 PM	07:54 AM	02:20 PN
10/16/17	06:22 AM	05:48 PM	09:10 AM	03:16 PM	1/1/18	06:43 AM	04:05 PM	09:44 AM	04:12 PN
10/17/17	06:24 AM	05:47 PM	10:02 AM	04:10 PM	1/2/18	06:43 AM	04:06 PM	10:38 AM	05:05 PN
10/18/17	06:25 AM	05:45 PM	10:49 AM	04:59 PM	1/3/18	06:43 AM	04:07 PM	11:32 AM	05:16 AN
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10/24/17	06:34 AM	05:34 PM	03:26 PM	09:16 AM	1/10/18	06:41 AM	04:14 PM	05:55 AM	12:14 PN
10/25/17	06:35 AM	05:32 PM	04:14 PM	10:02 AM	1/11/18	06:41 AM	04:14 PM	06:52 AM	01:15 PN
10/20/17	06:37 AM	05:31 PM	05:06 PM	10:54 AM	1/11/18	06:41 AM	04:17 PM	07:45 AM	02:10 PN
10/27/17	06:38 AM	05:29 PM	05:53 AM	11:49 AM	1/13/18	06:40 AM	04:17 PM	08:34 AM	03:00 PN
10/30/17	06:41 AM	05:26 PM	07:40 AM	01:43 PM	1/15/18	06:39 AM	04:20 PM	09:59 AM	04:24 PN
10/31/17	06:42 AM	05:25 PM	08:29 AM	02:36 PM	1/16/18	06:39 AM	04:22 PM	10:37 AM	05:00 PN
11/1/17	06:44 AM	05:23 PM	09:15 AM	03:25 PM	1/17/18	06:38 AM	04:23 PM	11:12 AM	05:01 AN
11/2/17	06:45 AM	05:22 PM	10:00 AM	04:13 PM	1/18/18	06:37 AM	04:24 PM	11:47 AM	05:36 AN
11/3/17	06:46 AM	05:21 PM	10:43 AM	04:59 PM	1/19/18	06:37 AM	04:26 PM	12:22 PM	06:11 AN
11/4/17	06:48 AM	05:19 PM	11:28 AM	05:15 AM	1/20/18	06:36 AM	04:27 PM	12:59 PM	06:48 AN
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11/10/17	05:56 AM	04:12 PM	03:55 PM	09:39 AM	1/26/18	06:31 AM	04:35 PM	05:28 AM	11:53 AN
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11/15/17	06:03 AM	04:07 PM	08:42 AM	02:55 PM	1/31/18	06:26 AM	04:42 PM	10:26 AM	04:51 PN
11/16/17	06:04 AM	04:06 PM	09:27 AM	03:43 PM					

^{*}Tide information listed is estimated by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Although these are estimates, they are expected to be useful for planning purposes. Tide Conversions: Tide information listed is for Portland. For Merrymeeting Bay (Richmond), add 2 hrs. 48 minutes for high tide; for Jonesport, subtract 23 minutes; for Bath, add 1 hr. 1 minute; for Rockland, subtract 16 minutes; for Waldoboro, subtract 16 minutes.



SUMMARY OF HUNTING LAWS

All In for the Maine Outdoors

MAIN OFFICE

284 State Street, 41 SHS Augusta, ME 04333-0041 (207) 287-8000

WEBSITE

mefishwildlife.com

OPERATION GAME THIEF

In State: 1-800-ALERT US (253-7887) Out of State: (207) 287-6057

REGIONAL COMMUNICATION CENTERS

If you are in need of the services of a game warden call the Department of Public Safety Dispatch at the following toll-free numbers:

Augusta	1-800-452-4664
Gray	1-800-228-0857
Houlton	1-800-924-2261
Bangor	1-800-432-7381

Note! The State Police numbers may be used to report a fire, ONLY if a fire warden or forest ranger cannot be reached. To report wildfire arson call 1-800-987-0257 — The Maine Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry.

GOVERNOR

Paul R. LePage

COMMISSIONER

Chandler E. Woodcock

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

Timothy E. Peabody

MDIFW ADVISORY COUNCIL

Jerry Scribner

Androscoggin, Kennebec, & Sagadahoc Counties (207) 495-7751

Richard "Dick" Fortier

Aroostook County.....(207) 496-1221

Matthew E. Thurston (Vice-Chair)

Cumberland County.....(207) 926-4147

Sheridan R. Oldham

Franklin & Oxford

Counties.....(207) 864-4323

Jeffrey C. Lewis

Hancock County.....(207) 460-6859

Gunnar Gundersen

Knox, Lincoln, & Waldo

Counties.....(207) 563-1959

Donald Dudley (Chair)

Penobscot County(207) 538-5173

Lawrence Farrington

Piscataquis & Somerset

Counties.....(207) 695-2017

Lance S. Wheaton

Washington County(207) 448-7726

Jenny Starbird

York County.....(207) 477-2635

ADMINISTRATIVE REGIONS

Region A – Gray(207) 657-2345
Region B – Sidney(207) 547-5300
Region C – Jonesboro (207) 434-5927
Region D – Strong(207) 778-3324
Region E – Greenville(207) 695-3756
Region F – Enfield(207) 732-4132
Region G – Ashland(207) 435-3231
Bangor Research Office (207) 941-4440

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COMMENTS AND QUESTIONS

Written comments should be mailed to:

Maine Department of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife

284 State Street 41 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0041



